



RIO-98x0

Redundant I/O module
Hardware User Manual



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Preface

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Revision History

| Revision | Date | Description of Change |
|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| 1.00 | 2025/08/06 | First release |

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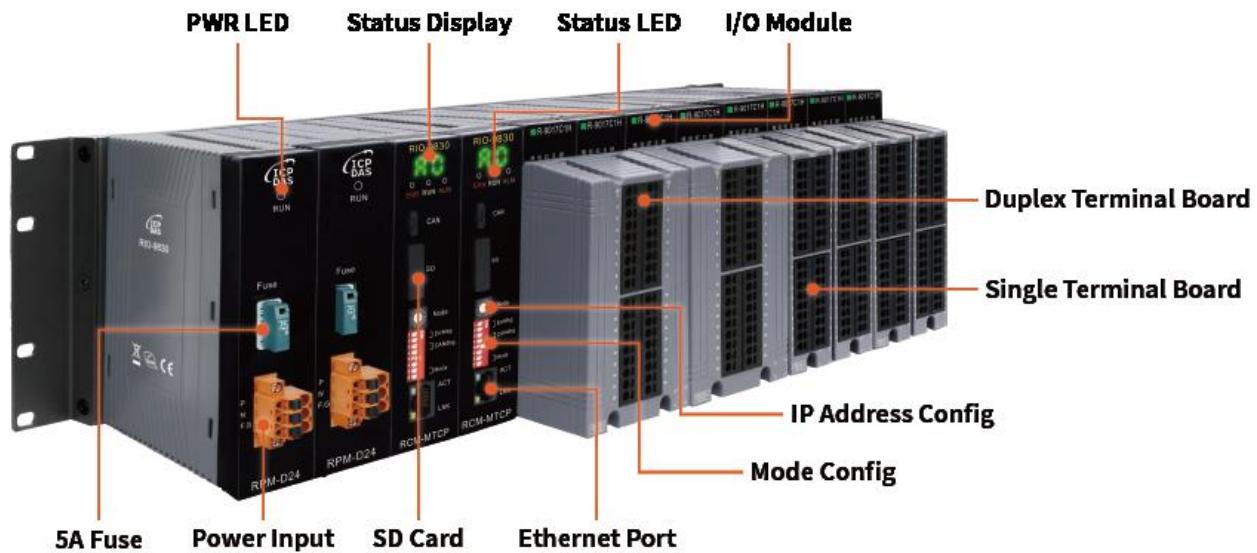
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Section 1 : Introduction



RIO-98x0 is a modular remote redundant I/O system designed to enhance system monitoring stability and maintenance convenience. It supports various communication protocols (like Modbus/TCP, EtherCAT, Ethernet/IP) and can be easily integrated and widely used in various industrial applications.

The RIO-98x0 consists of the following modules:

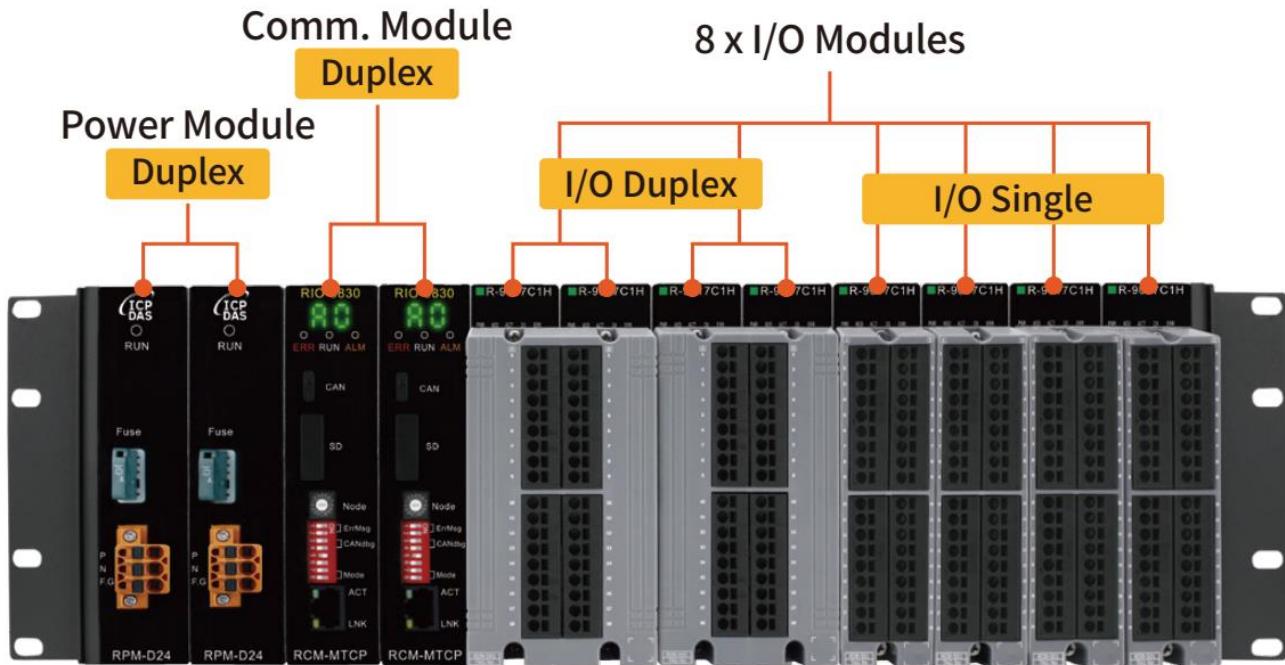
- Power Module Duplex
 - Supports 24 VDC (+/- 10%) power input
 - Duplex design ensures stable power supply
- Communication Module Duplex
 - Support **Modbus/TCP Server (RIO-9830)**
 - Support **EtherCAT Server (RIO-9840)**
 - Support **Ethernet/IP Server (RIO-9850)**
 - Seven-segment display for real-time display of module operation status
 - Micro SD and RTC for real-time recording of module abnormal status
- I/O Module Duplex
 - Can be configured up to 8 sets of single or 4 sets of duplex
 - Supports multiple input/output signal types (e.g., analog current/voltage, digital signaling, TC/RTD temperature measurement, pulse counting, and HART communication) ([RIO Module](#))

In addition, the RIO-98x0 has the following features:

- **Hot-swap**: Allows the module to be replaced without interrupting the system operation, enhancing the convenience of system maintenance.

- **Parameter Auto-Configuration:** Reduces the complexity of manual configuration and simplifies the system maintenance process.
- **Redundant design:** Simultaneous duplex operation of power, communication and I/O modules to enhance system stability and fault tolerance.

These features make the RIO-98x0 an ideal solution for industrial applications that require high reliability and stability.



1.1 Hardware Feature :

1.1.1 Power Module Duplex

- Equipped with 5A fuse (overvoltage protection)

1.1.2 Communication Module Duplex

- SD card (module error logging)
- Seven-segment display (module error code)
- Module Status LED (Abnormal Status Indicator)
- Rotary switch (IP address configuration)
- Support multiple communication protocols

1.1.3 I/O Module Duplex

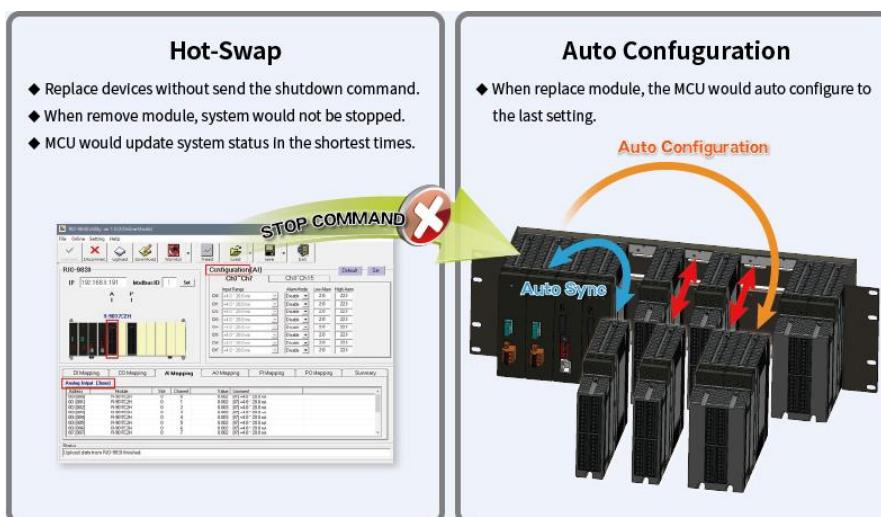
- Support analog current or voltage input/output functions.
- Support digital input/output function
- Support TC/RTD temperature measurement.
- Support pulse counter / frequency and HART communication.

1.1.4 I/O Terminal Board

- Support spring clamp terminals to simplify wiring process.
- Support terminal block drop detection to enhance wiring signal safety and stability.

1.1.5 Module Hot-Swap & Automatic Parameter Configuration

- The modules can be directly swapped to enhance the convenience of system maintenance.
- Modules can be automatically configured after swap, simplifying the system maintenance process.



1.1.6 Flexible Configuration of I/O

- I/O modules can be individually configured as single or duplex.
- Duplex I/O configuration can easily enhance the system monitoring security.

1.1.7 I/O Redundancy Switching Time < 1 ms

- The I/O redundancy switching time of the RIO-98x0 is less than 1 ms.

1.1.8 Fanless Design with Wide Operating Temperature Range

- The RIO-98x0 series features a fanless design with an operating temperature range of -25°C to +70°C..

1.1.9 Fan Module with Thermal Management (options)

- The AFAN-04 is a hot-swappable fan module equipped with four fans to keep the RIO system cool and stable in high-temperature and long-duration operation.



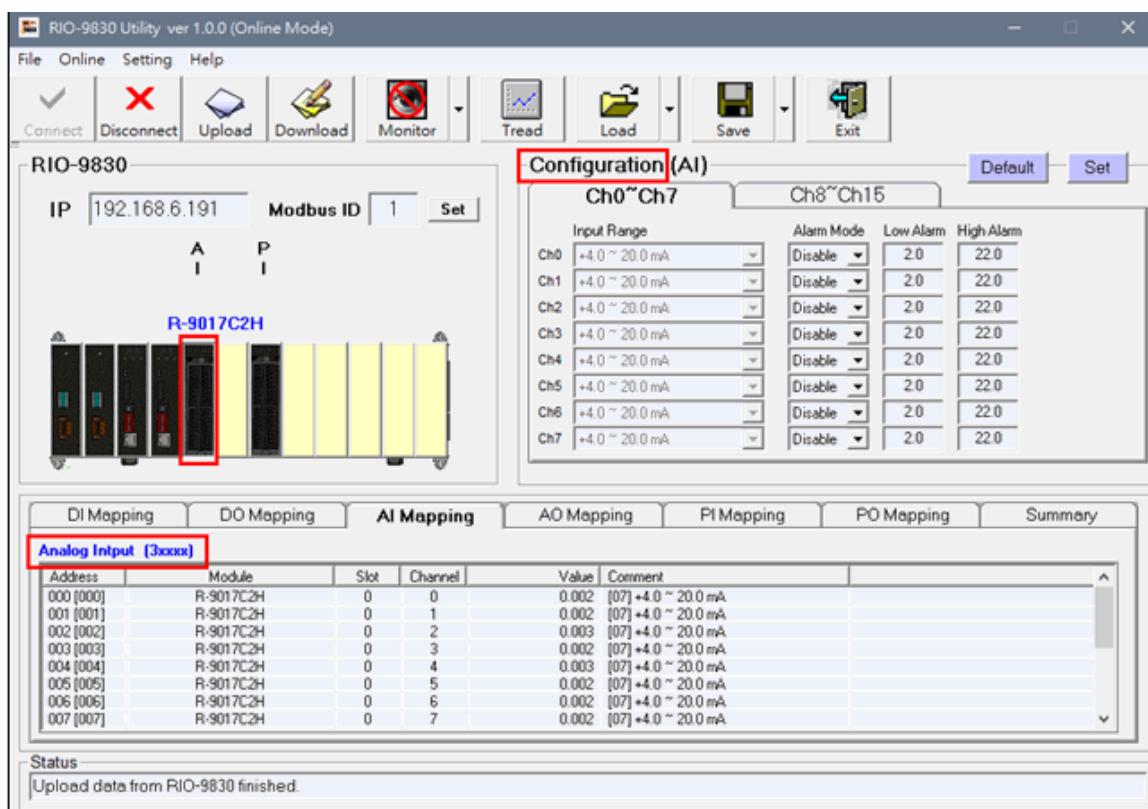
1.2 Software Feature :

1.2.1 Supports Multiple Ethernet Protocols

- The RIO-98x0 series offers a variety of industrial Ethernet protocols (e.g. Modbus TCP, EtherCAT, and Ethernet/IP), and can be fast integrated into a variety of field applications.

1.2.2 Free Tools

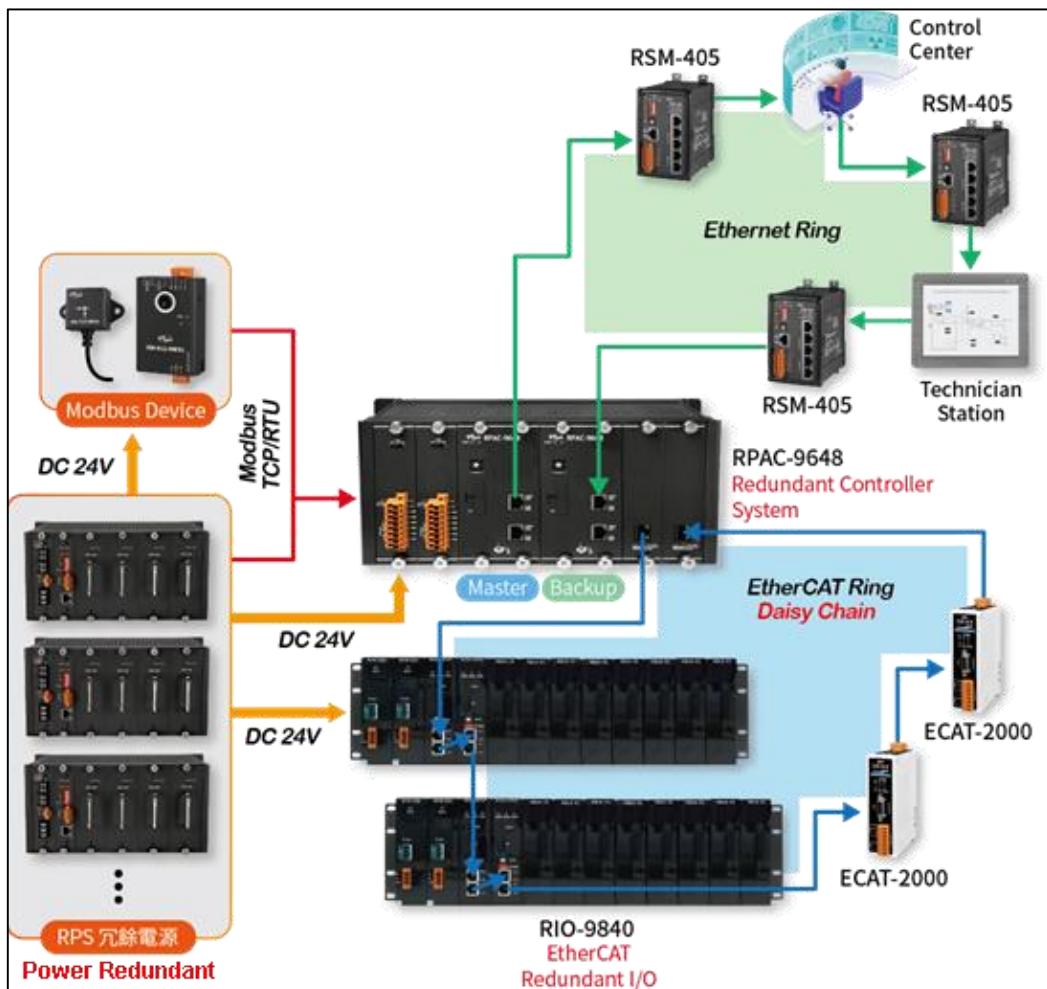
- Get and set the parameters of the module easily.
- Real-time monitoring of I/O module output/input values.
- Displays the module operation status.
- Support module firmware upload.



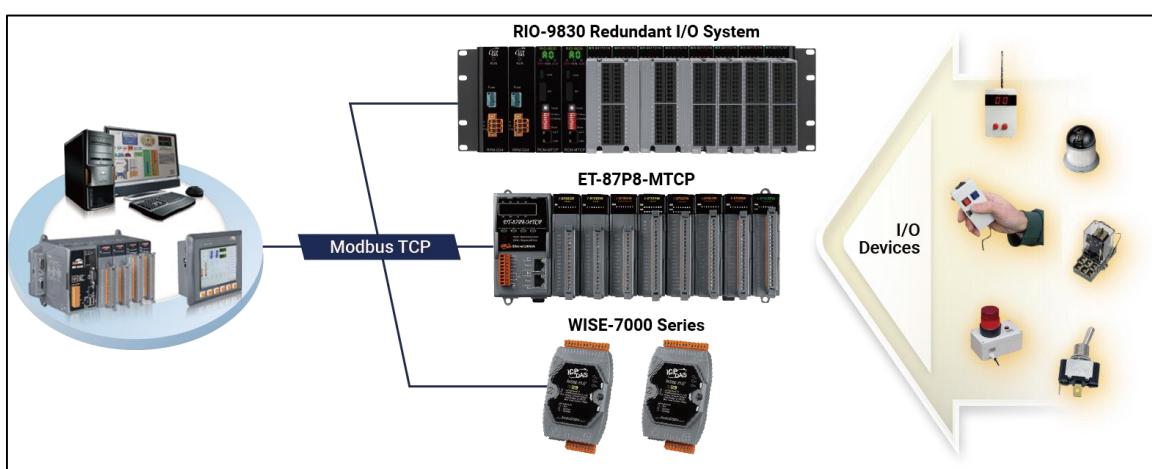
RIO-9830 Utility

1.3 Redundant Application Architecture :

- Power Redundant : RPS-4M
- Controller Redundant : RPAC-9648 / RPAC-2658M
- I/O Redundant : RIO-9830 / RIO-9840 (Available soon) / RIO-9850 (Available soon)
- Ethernet Ring : RSM-405 / RSM-408



The Redundant Total Solution with RIO-9840 (EtherCAT)



Application of RIO-9830 Redundant I/O System (Modbus/TCP)

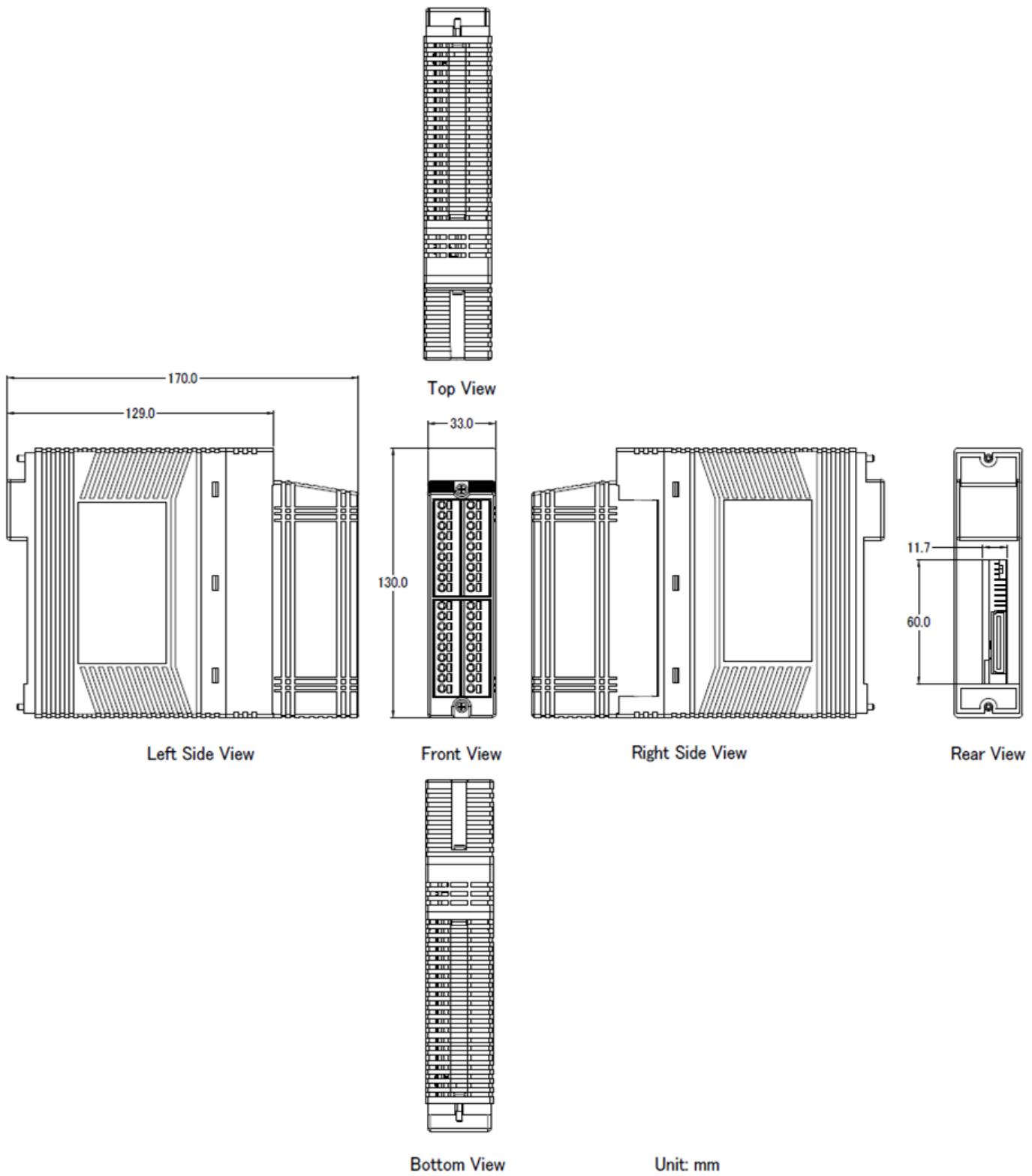
1.4 Product List

| Type | Module Name | Description |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Communication Module | RCM-MTCP | Comm. module with Modbus/TCP server |
| | RCM-ECAT | Comm. module with EtherCAT slave |
| | RCM-EIP | Comm. module with Ethernet/IP slave |
| Power Module | RPM-D24 | Power module with 24V _{DC} input |
| Digital I/O | Input | R-9040 32-ch, isolated digital input |
| | Output | R-9041 32-ch, isolated digital output |
| Analog I/O | Input | R-9015 12-ch, RTD input (Pt100, Pt1000, JPt100) |
| | | R-9017C1H 8-ch, isolated 4~20mA input, HART master |
| | | R-9017C2H 16-ch, 4~20mA input, HART master |
| | | R-9019 16-ch, Thermocouple input (J, K, T, E, R, S, B, N, C) |
| | Output | R-9028V1 8-ch, isolated 1~5V or +/-10V output |
| | | R-9028CH 8-ch, isolated 4~20mA output, HART master |
| Pulse I/O | Input | R-9084 8-ch, isolated pulse input |
| Termination Board | Single | RDB-S01 For single non-isolated analog modules (R-9017C2H) |
| | | RDB-S02 For single thermocouple modules (R-9019) |
| | | RDB-S03 For single RTD modules (R-9015) |
| | | RDB-S05 For single digital output modules (R-9041) |
| | | RDB-S08 For single digital input modules (R-9040) |
| | | RDB-S09 For single isolated analog/pulse modules (R-9017C1H, R-9028V1, R-9028CH, R-9084) |
| | Duplex | RDB-D01 For duplex non-isolated analog modules (R-9017C2H) |
| | | RDB-D02 For duplex thermocouple modules (R-9019) |
| | | RDB-D03 For duplex RTD modules (R-9015) |
| | | RDB-D05 For duplex digital output modules (R-9041) |
| | | RDB-D08 For duplex digital input modules (R-9040) |
| | | RDB-D09 For duplex isolated analog/pulse modules (R-9017C1H, R-9028V1, R-9028CH, R-9084) |
| Fan Module | AFAN-04 | 1U 4 way cooling fan module (https://www.icpdas.com/en/product/AFAN-04) |

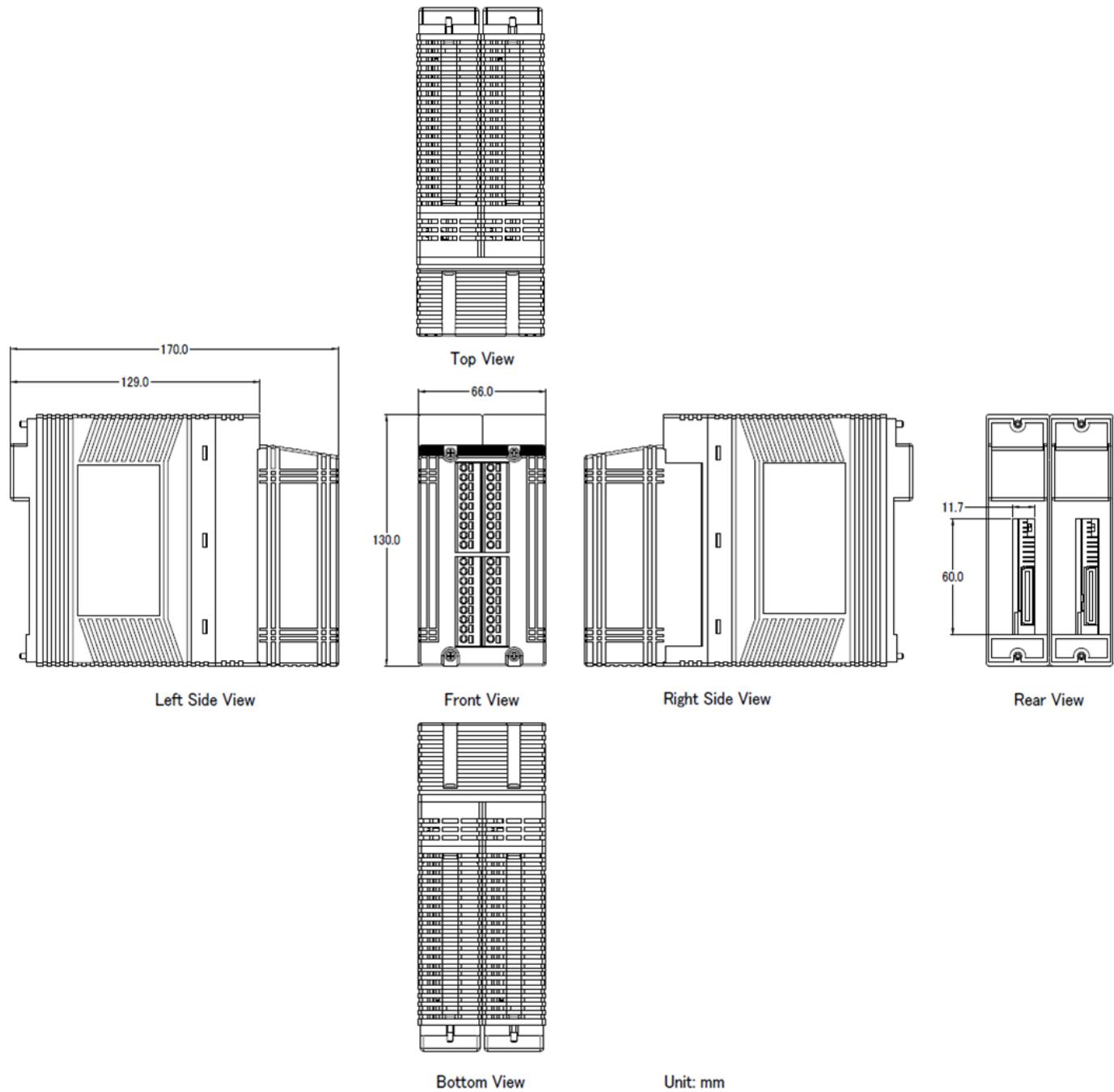
1.5 Installation

1.5.1 Dimensions

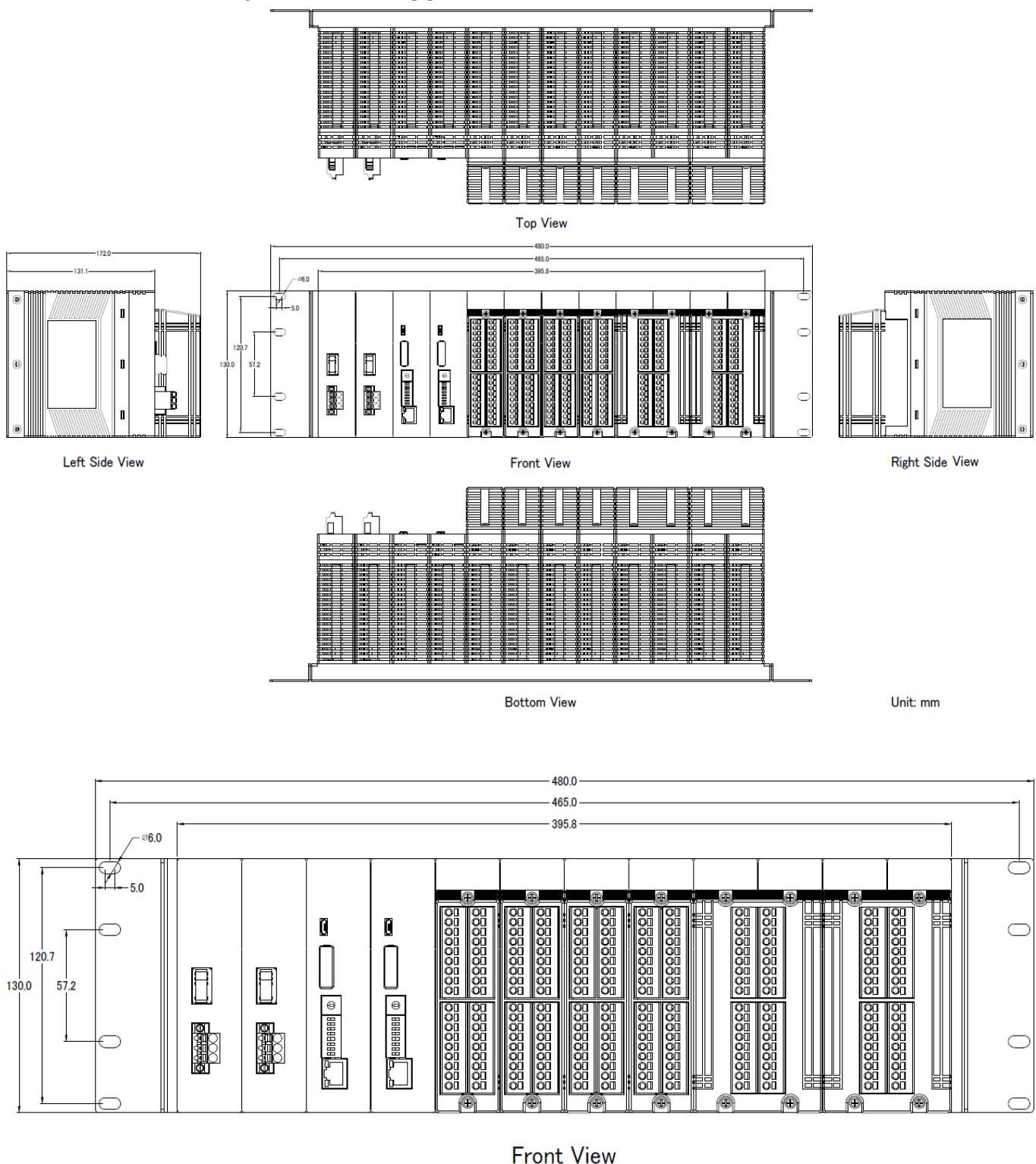
1.5.1.1 Single Mode (I/O module*1 + Single Termination Board)



1.5.1.2 Duplex Module (I/O module*2 + Duplex Termination Board)



1.5.1.3 RIO-98x0 Body (Module Plugged)

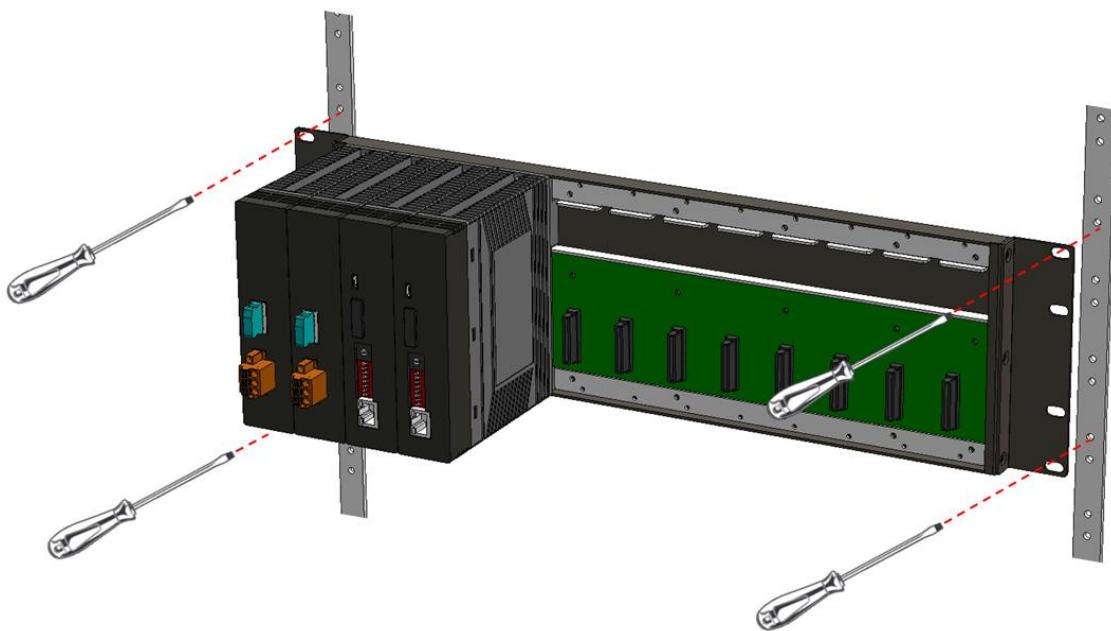


1.5.2 Mounting

RIO-98x0 can be installed in a cabinet. The following sections will introduce how to install RIO-98x0.

1.5.2.1 Panel mounting

- Use screw drive to mount the panel to the cabinet with M6 screws



- Successfully installed panel on the cabinet

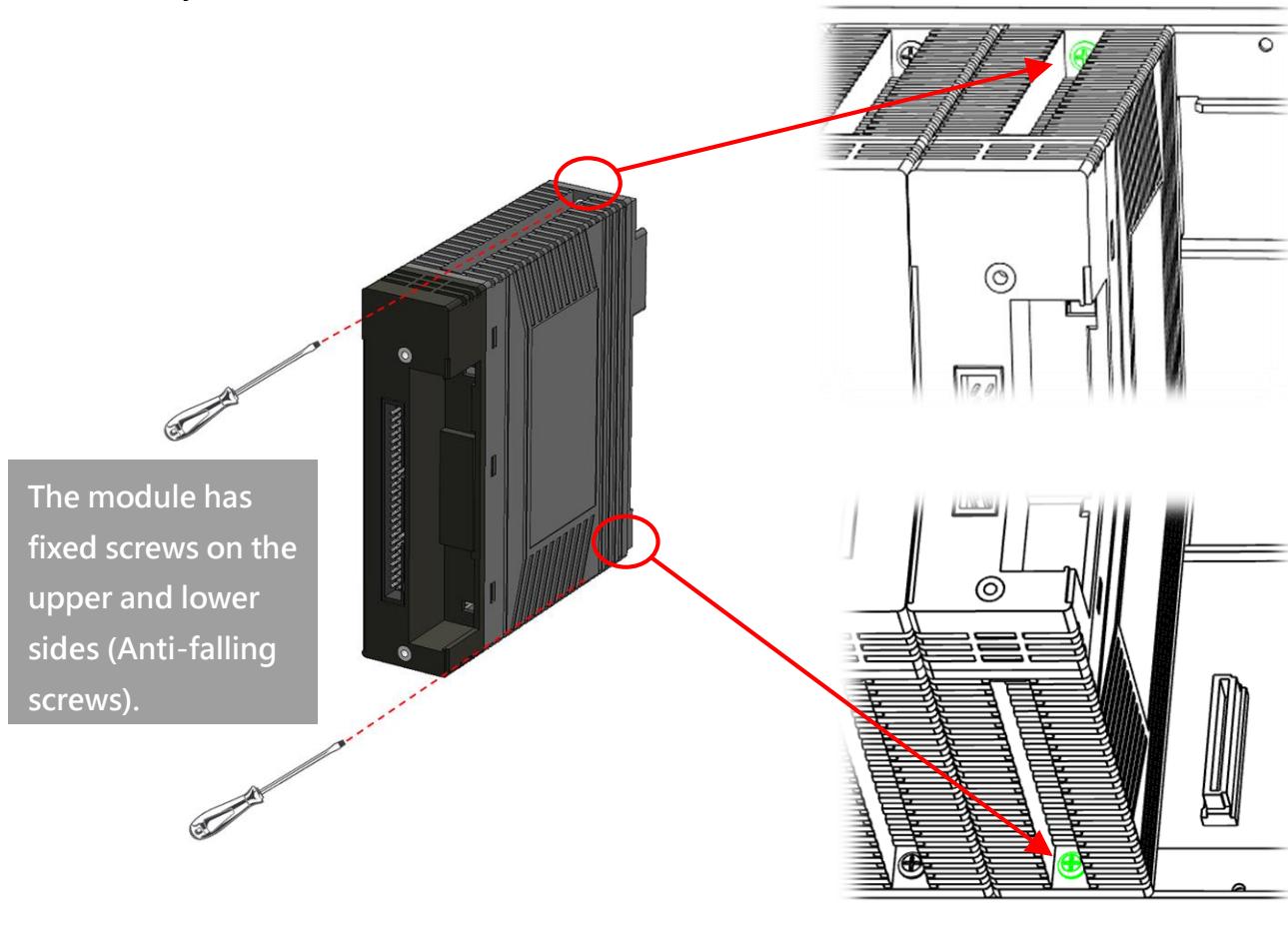


1.5.3 Module Installation

- Installing along the guiding rail then pushing into the socket of backplane

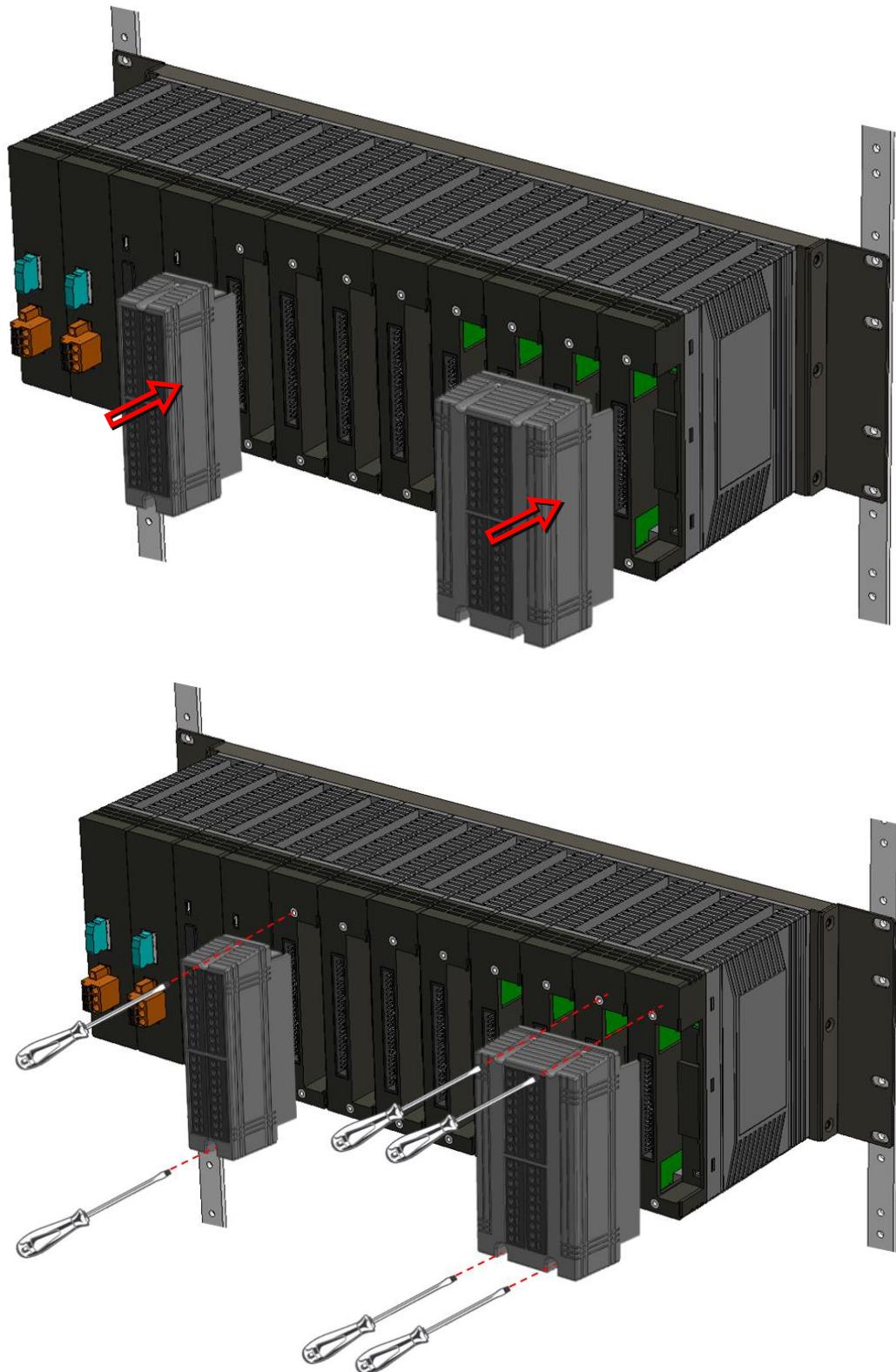


- Fixed by screws

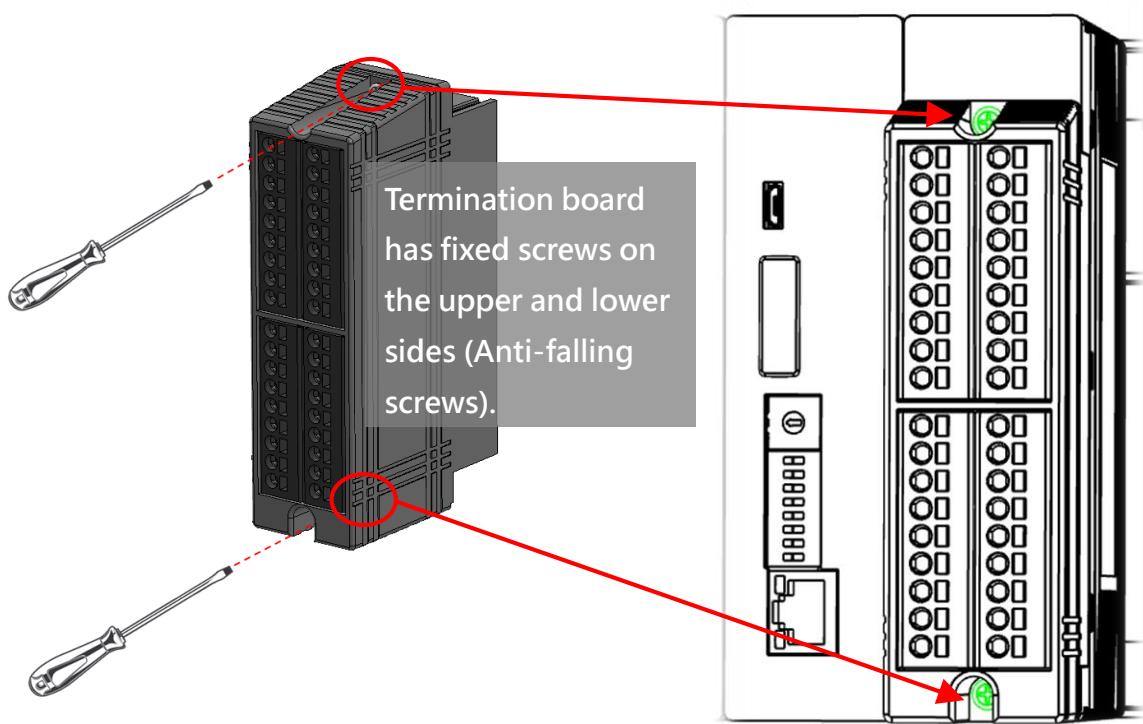


1.5.4 Termination Board Installation

- The module provides slots on the front panel for installing corresponding model termination boards.

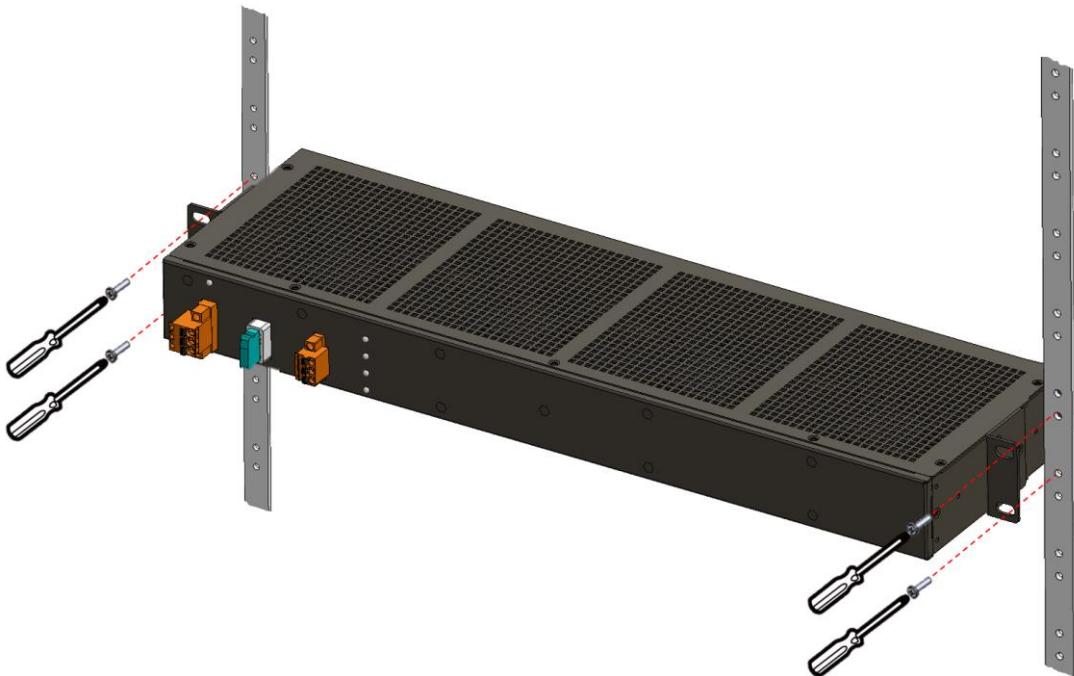


- Fixed by screws



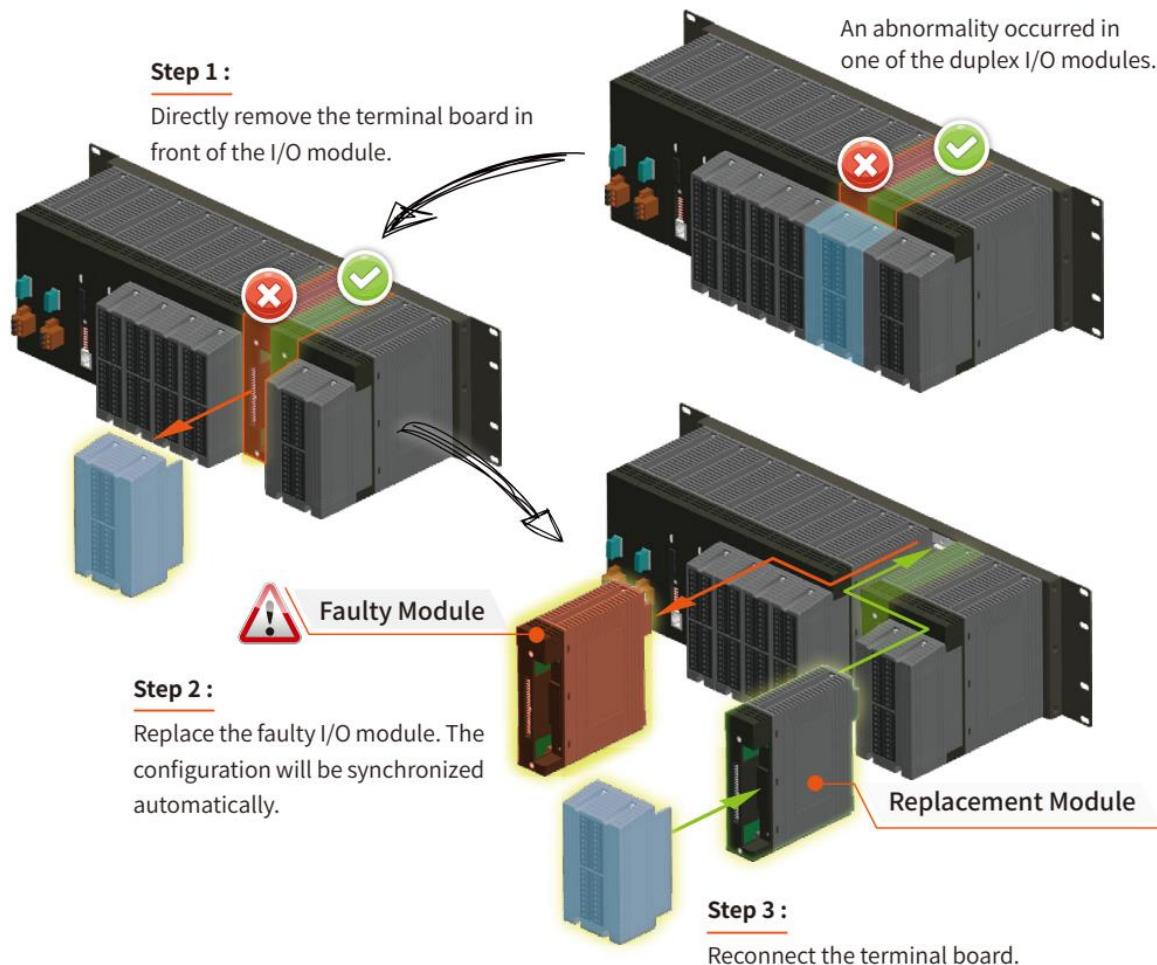
1.5.5 Fan Module Installation (Optional)

- Use screw drive to mount the 1U universal active cooling module (AFAN-04) to the cabinet with M6 screws. (<https://www.icpdas.com/en/product/AFAN-04>)



1.5.6 Faulty I/O module replacement

- The RIO-98x0 allows direct module replacement without powering down or manual reconfiguration. Fault I/O modules can be hot-swapped, with automatic configuration to ensure quick recovery.



Section 2 : Power Modules

2.1 RPM-D24

2.1.1 Overview



Feature

- Power redundancy
- Over-voltage protection (5A Fuse)
- Built-in LED power indicator

The RPM-D24 is a power supply module for the RIO-98x0 system with the following features:

- **24 VDC power input :** Provides stable power supply for communication modules and I/O modules of RIO-98x0 system.
- **Over-voltage protection :** Built-in 5A fuse protects the system from over-voltage damage.
- **LED indicator :** Indicates the status of the external 24 VDC voltage supply and allows users to monitor whether the power supply is normal or not.

The module supports dual design, even if a single power module fails, the RIO-98x0 can still run stably, which further enhances the reliability of the system.

2.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Voltage input | $24V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ |
| Short circuit protection | Fuse, 5A |
| Conducted emission | EN55022 Class A |
| Radiated emission | EN55022 Class A |
| Reverse Polarity Protection | Yes |
| Redundancy | Yes |
| Power consumption | 0.24W (0.01A@24V) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Weight | 180 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33mm x 129mm x 130mm |
| EMC | Emission |
| | IEC 61000-6-4: 2006/A1:2010 E, CISPR 11:2009/A1:2010 |
| EMC | Immunity |
| | IEC 61000-6-2: 2005, IEC 61000-4-2: 2008, IEC 61000-4-3: 2006/A1:2007/A2:2010, IEC 61000-4-4: 2012, IEC 61000-4-5: 2005, IEC 61000-4-6: 2008, IEC 61000-4-8: 2009, IEC 61000-4-9: 1993/A1:2001, IEC 61000-4-10: 1993/A1:2001, IEC 61000-4-12: 2006, EN 61000-4-16: 2004 |

2.1.3 Pin Assignment



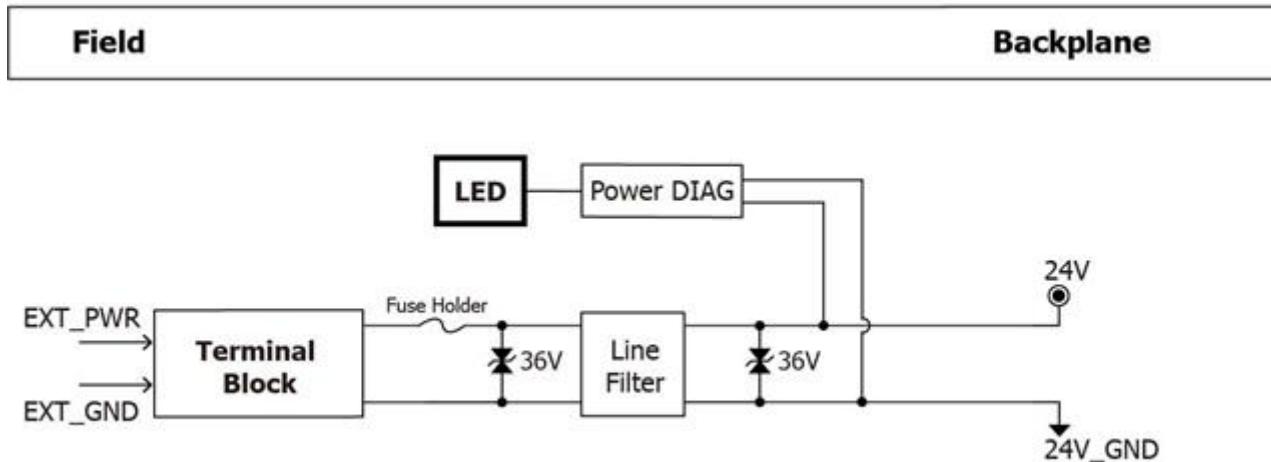
| Pin | Description |
|-----|--------------|
| P | 24 VDC |
| N | Ground |
| F.G | Frame Ground |

2.1.4 LED Indicator



| LED | Status | Description |
|-----|--------|------------------------------------------------|
| RUN | ON | Input Power is between $24V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ |
| | OFF | Input Power is not between $24V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ |

2.1.5 Hardware Structure



2.1.6 The Power Consumption of Module

| Model Name | Maximum Output Current |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| R-9040 | 1.7 W (0.07A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9041 | 1.7 W (0.07A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9017C1H | 4.6 W (0.19A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9017C2H | 2.4 W (0.1A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9028V1 | 6.3 W (0.26A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9028CH | 5.6 W (0.23A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9084 | 6.8 W (0.28A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9015 | 2.0 W (0.08A@24V _{DC}) |
| R-9019 | 2.2 W (0.09A@24V _{DC}) |

Section 3 : Communication Module

3.1 RCM-MTCP (RIO-9830)

3.1.1 Overview



Features

- Modbus/TCP Server
- Communication Redundancy
- 7 Segment Display (Exception code)
- Built-in LED status indicator
- Rotary switch for IP address configuration
- Micro SD (Exception logging)

RCM-MTCP is a very critical communication module in RIO-9830 system with the following features:

- **Modbus/TCP server :** Modbus/TCP client can quickly integrate and monitor all I/O information of RIO-9830.
- **Seven-segment display and LEDs :** Display all module operation status and network connection.
- **Rotary Switch :** Manually set the network IP address of RIO-9830 to simplify the network configuration process.
- **SD card :** Record all module abnormal information for system troubleshooting and future analysis.
- **DIP Switch :** Enables the seven-segment display to show the running status of all modules, and also switches the RCM-MTCP module into firmware upload mode for easy system maintenance and upgrading.
- **USB connector (CAN) :** Used to communicate with the CAN bus of the backplane for debugging. Designed for engineering developers, it is convenient for troubleshooting and debugging.

The 3000 VDC isolation design provides strong interference immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it ideal for use in industrial environments. In addition, the module supports a dual design that allows the RIO-9830 to operate stably even if a single communication module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

3.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LAN Port | 10/100BASE-TX (Auto negotiating, Auto MDIX) |
| Protocol | Modbus/TCP Server |
| LED indicators | 1 Power, 2 Fault, 1 Link/Active/Speed |
| Redundant | Yes |
| EMC | Emission IEC 61000-6-4: 2006/A1:2010 E CISPR 11:2009/A1:2010 Immunity IEC 61000-6-2: 2005, IEC 61000-4-2: 2008, IEC 61000-4-3: 2006/A1:2007/A2:2010, IEC 61000-4-4: 2012, IEC 61000-4-5: 2005, IEC 61000-4-6: 2008, IEC 61000-4-8: 2009, IEC 61000-4-9: 1993/A1:2001, IEC 61000-4-10: 1993/A1:2001, IEC 61000-4-12: 2006, EN 61000-4-16: 2004 |
| Power consumption | 1.7 W |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Isolation | 3000V _{DC} (Between LAN port and F.G) 1000V _{DC} (Between LAN port and backplane) |

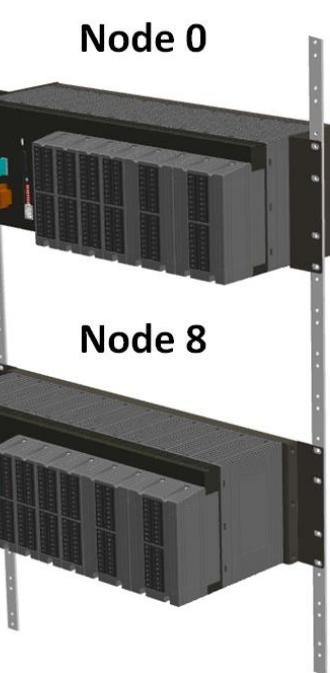
3.1.3 LED Indicators



| LED | Status |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------|
| ERR | ON : Heavy fault OFF : Normal |
| RUN | ON : Normal OFF : Abnormal |
| ALM | ON : Light fault OFF : Normal |
| RUN | Three lights flash (300ms) : Firmware Upload Mode |
| ALM | |
| ERR | |
| ACT | ON : Ethernet Activity OFF : No Ethernet Activity |
| LNK | ON : Ethernet Link Establish OFF : No Ethernet Link |

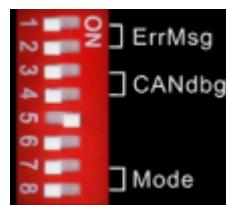
3.1.4 Seven-Segment Display

The custom numbering function helps users quickly distinguish different nodes.



| 7-segment Display LED | Description | 7-segment Display LED | Description |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| A0 | Node0 Left Side | b0 | Node0 Right Side |
| A1 | Node1 Left Side | b1 | Node1 Right Side |
| A2 | Node2 Left Side | b2 | Node2 Right Side |
| A3 | Node3 Left Side | b3 | Node3 Right Side |
| A4 | Node4 Left Side | b4 | Node4 Right Side |
| A5 | Node5 Left Side | b5 | Node5 Right Side |
| A6 | Node6 Left Side | b6 | Node6 Right Side |
| A7 | Node7 Left Side | b7 | Node7 Right Side |
| A8 | Node8 Left Side | b8 | Node8 Right Side |
| A9 | Node9 Left Side | b9 | Node9 Right Side |
| AA | Node10 Left Side | bA | Node10 Right Side |
| AB | Node11Left Side | bB | Node11 Right Side |
| AC | Node12 Left Side | bC | Node12 Right Side |
| AD | Node13 Left Side | bD | Node13 Right Side |
| AE | Node14 Left Side | bE | Node14 Right Side |
| AF | Node15 Left Side | bF | Node15 Right Side |

3.1.5 Dip Switch



| Number | Function | Description |
|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1~ 2 | Sw1 On & Sw2 Off | The 7-segment LED will show the current state of light and heavy error in MCU/IOM. |
| | Sw1 Off & Sw2 On | The 7-segment LED will show the last state of light and heavy error in MCU/IOM. |
| | Others | Not support and the 7-segment LED will show Ax/bx. (A/b: Left side/Right side), (x: NODE ID) |
| 3~ 4 | Sw3 On/Off | Enable/Disable CAN1 debug of CAN connector |
| | Sw4 On/Off | Enable/Disable CAN2 debug of CAN connector |
| 5~ 6 | Sw5 On & Sw6 Off | IP setting, Hardware mode (3.1.6 Rotary Switch) |
| | Sw5 Off & Sw6 Off | IP setting, Software mode (eSearch Utility) |
| | Others | Not support |
| 7~ 8 | Sw7 Off & Sw8 Off | Modbus/TCP Protocol |
| | Sw7 Off & Sw8 On | Firmware Upload mode via Ethernet (3.1.6 Rotary Switch) After reboot, 7-segment display LED will show "bL". |
| | Others | Not support |

3.1.6 Rotary Switch

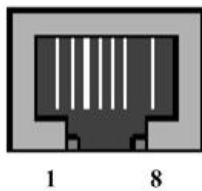


When the RCM-MTCP dip Switch is in [IP hardware setting mode](#) or [Firmware Upload mode](#), the rotary switch is used to set the 4th number of IP address as the below table. The first 3 number of IP address is 192.168.0 (default) and can be configured by MiniOS7 Utility.

| Rotary Switch | Left Side | | Right Side | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | IP | MASK | IP | MASK |
| 0 | 192.168.0.16 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.144 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 1 | 192.168.0.17 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.145 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 2 | 192.168.0.18 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.146 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 3 | 192.168.0.19 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.147 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 4 | 192.168.0.20 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.148 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 5 | 192.168.0.21 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.149 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 6 | 192.168.0.22 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.150 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 7 | 192.168.0.23 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.151 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 8 | 192.168.0.24 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.152 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 9 | 192.168.0.25 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.153 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 10 | 192.168.0.26 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.154 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 11 | 192.168.0.27 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.155 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 12 | 192.168.0.28 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.156 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 13 | 192.168.0.29 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.157 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 14 | 192.168.0.30 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.158 | 255.255.0.0 |
| 15 | 192.168.0.31 | 255.255.0.0 | 192.168.0.159 | 255.255.0.0 |

3.1.7 Ethernet Port

The RIO-98X0 is equipped with one Ethernet port which is fully compliant with IEEE 802.3u 10/100BASE-TX. The Ethernet port provides a standard RJ-45 with green color LED indicator on the front side showing activity (Off: No activity, Green and Flash: Activity), and orange color LED indicator showing link status (Off: No Link, Orange: Link established).



| Pin | Name | Color | Description |
|-----|------|-------------|----------------|
| 1 | TX+ | Clear white | Transmit Data+ |
| 2 | TX- | Clear | Transmit Data- |
| 3 | RX+ | Green white | Receive Data+ |
| 4 | N.C. | Blue | Not Connected |
| 5 | N.C. | Blue white | Not Connected |
| 6 | RX- | Green | Receive Data- |
| 7 | N.C. | Brown white | Not Connected |
| 8 | N.C. | Brown | Not Connected |

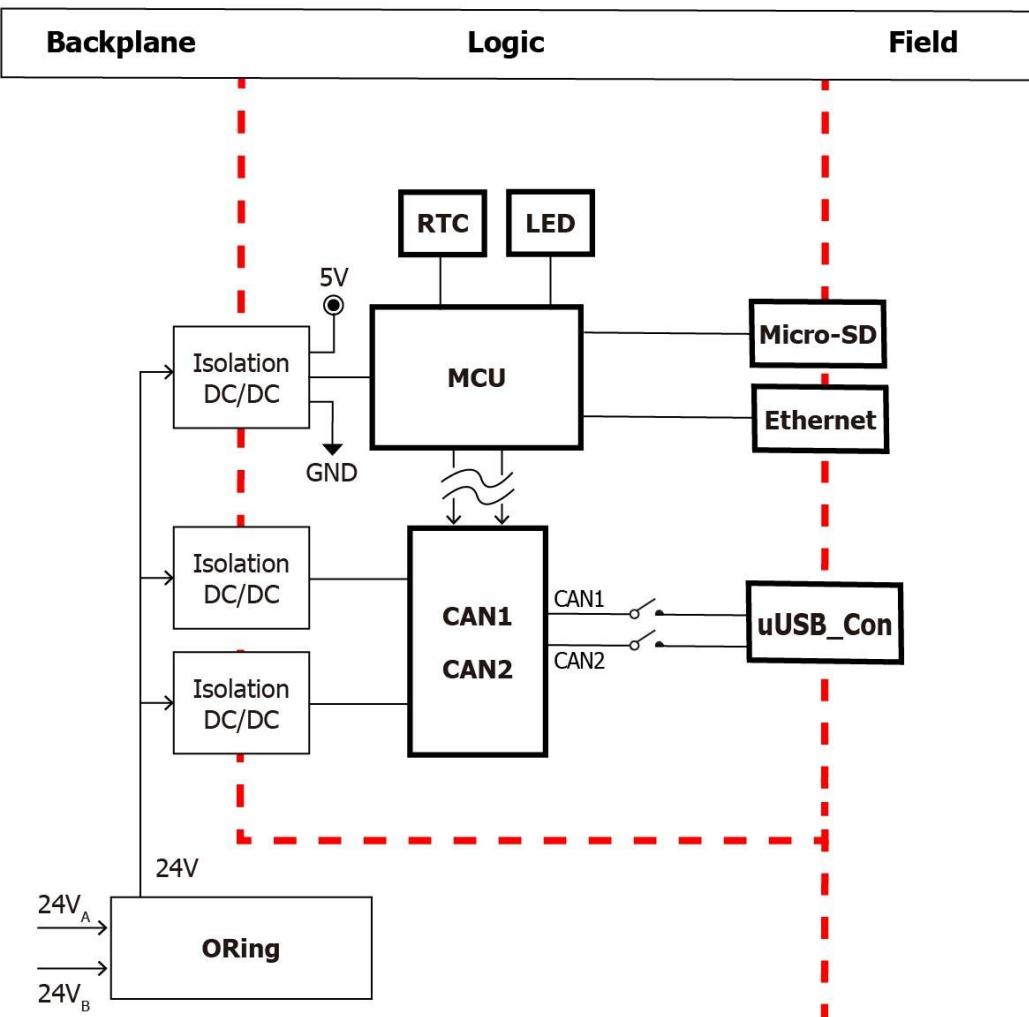
Recommended Media

UTP/STP Cable

10Mbps : Category 3 or greater

100Mbps : Category 5 or greater

3.1.8 Hardware Structure



3.2 RCM-ECAT (RIO-9840) (Available soon)

3.2.1 Overview

Features

- EtherCAT Slave
- Communication Redundancy
- 7 Segment Display (Exception code)
- Built-in LED status indicator
- Rotary switch for ID (Station Alias) configuration
- FRAM (Exception logging)

RCM-ECAT is a very critical communication module in RIO-9840 system with the following features:

- **EtherCAT server :** EtherCAT master can quickly integrate and monitor all I/O information of RIO-9840.
- **Seven-segment display and LEDs :** Display all module operation status and network connection.
- **Rotary Switch :** Manually set the ID (Station Alias) of RIO-9840 to simplify the network configuration process.
- **DIP Switch :** Enables the seven-segment display to show the running status of all modules, and also switches the RCM-MTCP module into firmware upload mode for easy system maintenance and upgrading.
- **USB connector (CAN) :** Used to communicate with the CAN bus of the backplane for debugging. Designed for engineering developers, it is convenient for troubleshooting and debugging.

The 3000 VDC isolation design provides strong interference immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it ideal for use in industrial environments. In addition, the module supports a dual design that allows the RIO-9840 to operate stably even if a single communication module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

3.3 RCM-EIP (RIO-9850) (Available soon)

3.3.1 Overview

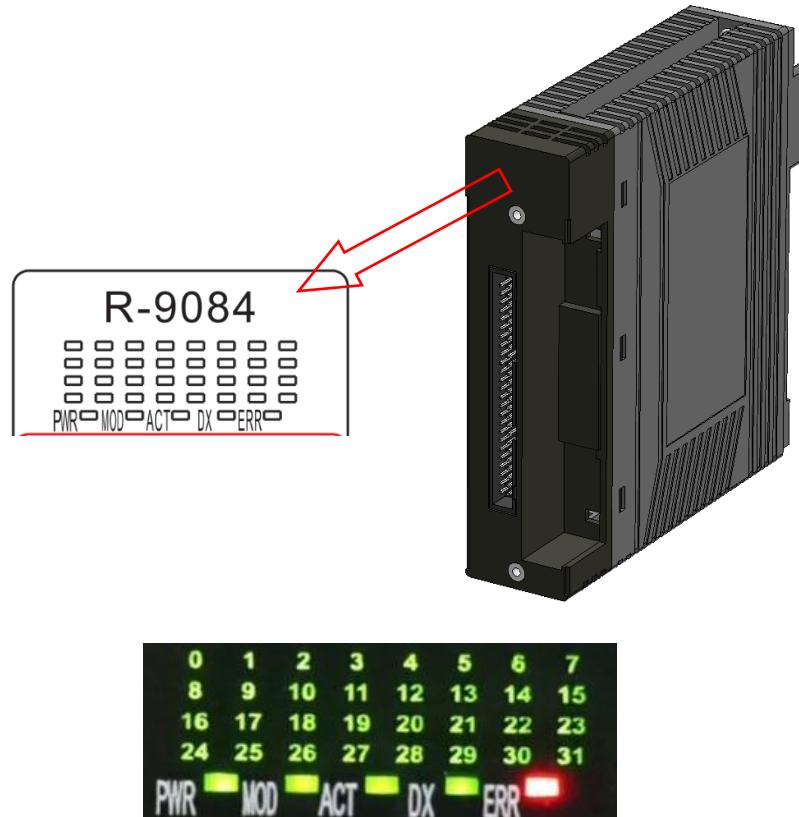
Features

- Ethernet/IP Server
- Communication Redundancy
- 7 Segment Display (Exception code)
- Built-in LED status indicator
- Rotary switch for IP address configuration
- Micro SD (Exception logging)

Section 4 : I/O Module

4.1.1 LED status

There are 5 status LED and 32 channel LED indicators in each I/O module. These indicators represent different conditions when the system is operating and also can be used to identify fault of the module.



| Status | | Description | | | | |
|--------|-------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| PWR | ON | Normal (Have electricity) | | | | |
| | OFF | No electricity | | | | |
| MOD | ON | Operating Mode | | | | |
| | Blink | 0.5 second period | Stop Mode | | | |
| | OFF | 1 second period | Pre-OP Mode | | | |
| ACT | ON | Single | Output/Input Enable | | | |
| | ON | Duplex | Master & Output/Input Enable | | | |
| | OFF | Single | Output/Input Disable | | | |
| | OFF | Duplex | Slave & Output/Input Disable | | | |
| DX | ON | I/O Module operates in redundant mode | | | | |
| | OFF | I/O Module operates in single mode | | | | |
| ERR | ON | Heavy fault (Example: Hard damage) | | | | |

| | | |
|------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Blink | Light fault (1 flash every 500ms) (Software setting error or disconnection) |
| | OFF | Normal system |
| MOD ACT DX | Blink | Firmware Upload Mode |
| | ON | Digital module : I/O channel is activated Analog module : I/O channel is fault |
| LED0~31 | OFF | Digital module : I/O channel is inactivated Analog module : I/O channel is normal |

4.1.2 Timing Characteristics

| Parameter | Value | Description |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| T ₁ | 800 ms | Hardware watchdog activated |
| T ₂ | 50 ms | I/O modules lose connection to the termination board |
| T ₃ | <1 ms | Response time for analog output high/low alarm |
| T ₄ | <16 ms (8 channels) | Response time for analog input high/low alarm |
| | <32 ms (16 channels) | |
| T ₅ | <1.2 s | Response time for TC/RTD high/low alarm |
| T ₆ | <100 ms | Time when detect CJC broken |
| T ₇ | <1.2 s | Time when detect TC/RTD channel broken |

4.2 Digital Input

4.2.1 R-9040

4.2.1.1 Overview



- 32 digital input (sink/source) channels
- Digital filter (1~32767us)
- Input channel LED indication
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Digital input diagnostic function
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9040 is a 32-channel digital input module with the following features:

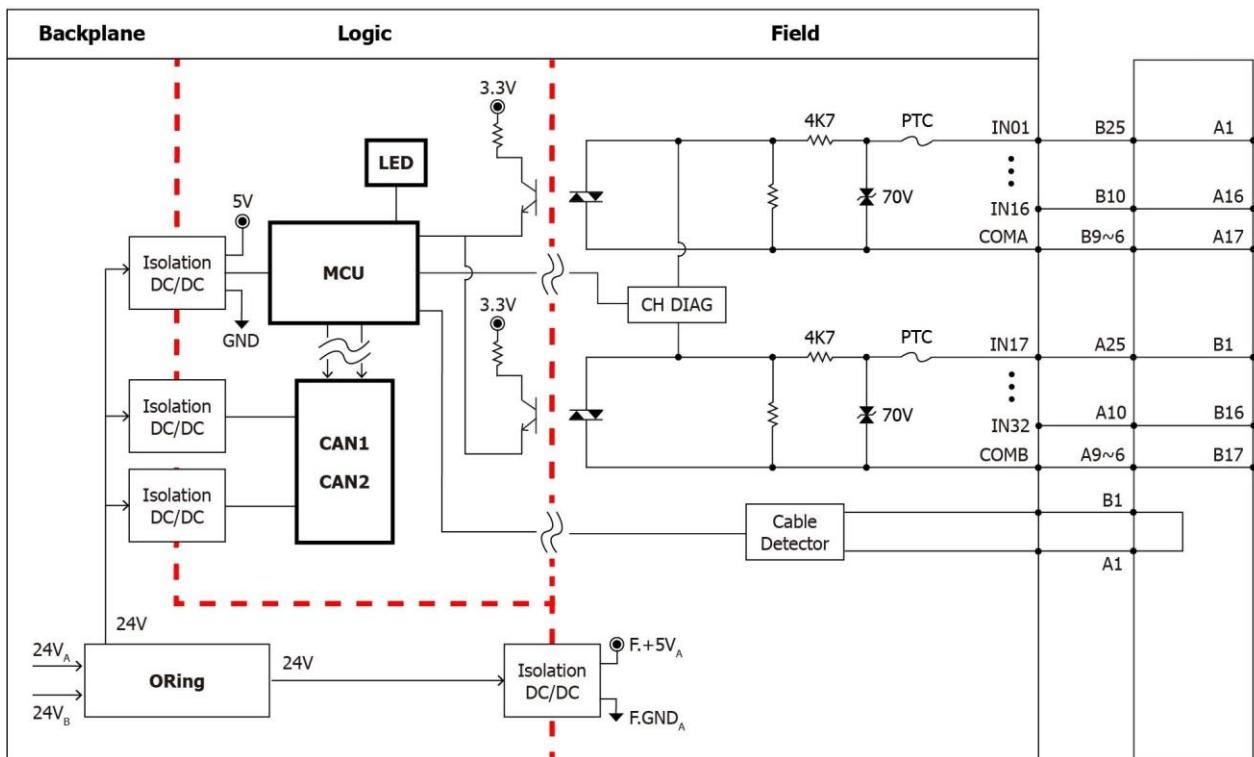
- **Channel Wiring Mode :** Supports sink/source wiring.
- **Low-pass Filter :** solves the problem of digital input signal bouncing and ensures the stability of the input signal.
- **Channel Diagnosis :** Detects abnormalities in the channel components of the module and provides fault alarms.
- **LED Indicator :** Indicates channel ON/OFF status and module operation status.

The R-9040 module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.2.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [Feature] | |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1ms) |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Digital filter | Yes (1~32767us) |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR I/O Indicator 32 as channel 0~31 status |
| [Digital Input] | |
| Channels | 32 (Ch00~15 : GND _{G1} ; Ch16~31 : GND _{G2}) |
| Type | P-COM(Source) or N-COM(Sink), Single-Ended |
| Rated Input voltage | 24 V _{DC} |
| Allowable max. input voltage | 30.0 V _{DC} |
| Input voltage range, "1" | 18~30 V _{DC} |
| Input voltage range, "0" | <11 V _{DC} |
| Max. ON/OFF cycle | 500 Hz |
| Input impedance | 4.7KΩ / per channel |
| Input current | 5.1mA@24V _{DC} (122.4mW) / per channel |
| Field-to-Backplane isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| Channel protection | 110V _{AC} / 140V _{DC} |
| [Certification] | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| [General] | |
| Termination board | RDB-S08, RDB-D08 |
| Maximum power consumption | 1.7 W (0.07A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 200 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.2.1.3 Hardware Structure

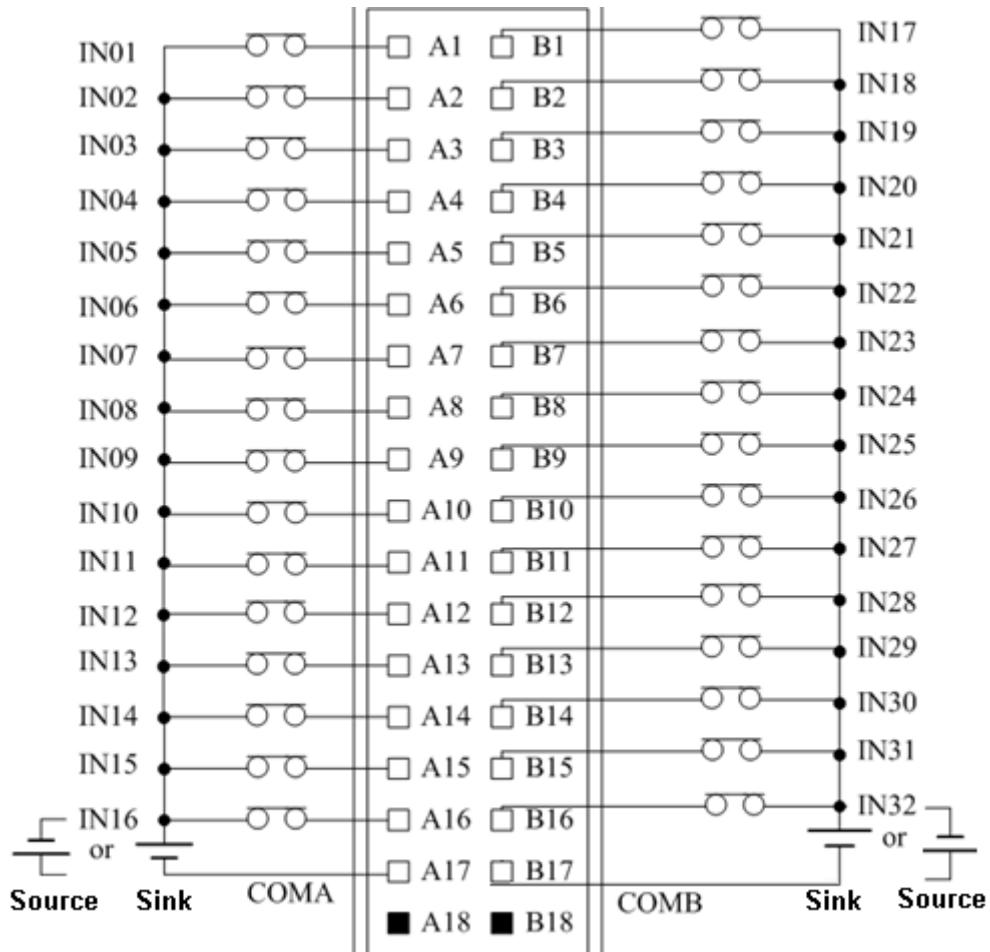


4.2.1.4 Pin Assignment

| Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------|
| IN01 | A1 | B1 | IN17 |
| IN02 | A2 | B2 | IN18 |
| IN03 | A3 | B3 | IN19 |
| IN04 | A4 | B4 | IN20 |
| IN05 | A5 | B5 | IN21 |
| IN06 | A6 | B6 | IN22 |
| IN07 | A7 | B7 | IN23 |
| IN08 | A8 | B8 | IN24 |
| IN09 | A9 | B9 | IN25 |
| IN10 | A10 | B10 | IN26 |
| IN11 | A11 | B11 | IN27 |
| IN12 | A12 | B12 | IN28 |
| IN13 | A13 | B13 | IN29 |
| IN14 | A14 | B14 | IN30 |
| IN15 | A15 | B15 | IN31 |
| IN16 | A16 | B16 | IN32 |
| COM_A | A17 | B17 | COM_B |
| COM_A | A18 | B18 | COM_B |
| COM_A | A19 | B19 | COM_B |
| COM_A | A20 | B20 | COM_B |
| X | A21 | B21 | X |
| X | A22 | B22 | X |
| X | A23 | B23 | X |
| X | A24 | B24 | X |
| BK | A25 | B25 | BK |

4.2.1.5 Terminal Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9040 refers to [RDB-S08, RDB-D08](#).



4.3 Digital Output

4.3.1 R-9041

4.3.1.1 Overview



- 32 digital output (sink) channels
- Safety value (Preset/Hold)
- Power-on(Initial) value
- Output channel LED indication
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Digital output diagnostic function
- Redundancy switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9041 is a 32-channel NPN digital output module (sink mode) with the following features:

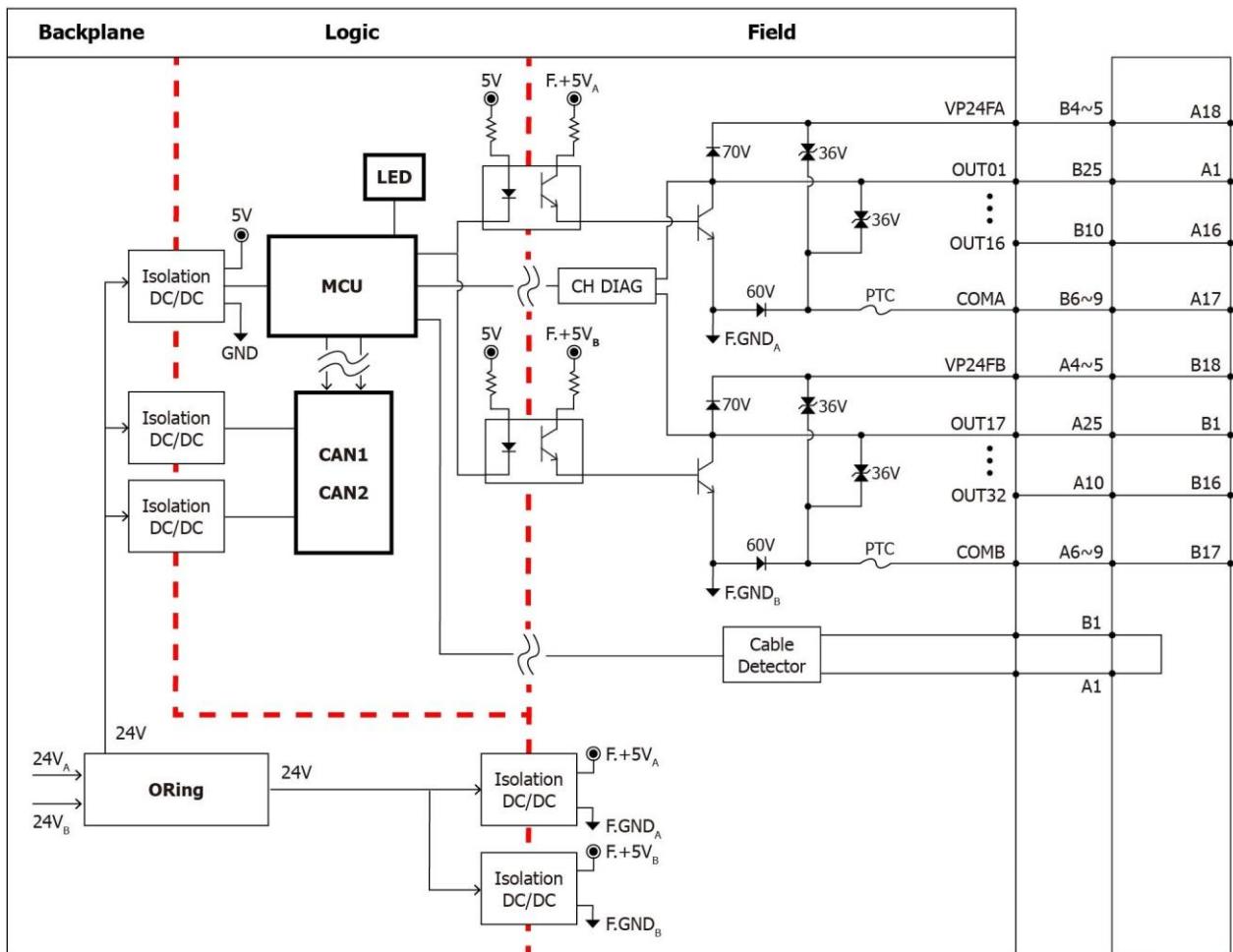
- **Channel load driving capability :** 100mA
- **Power-on value and Safety value :** Ensure that the module can output a predefined state during startup or abnormal conditions.
- **Channel Diagnosis :** Detects abnormalities in the channel components of the module and provides fault alarms.
- **LED Indicator :** Indicates channel ON/OFF status and module operation status.

The R-9041 module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.3.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1ms) |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Safety output | Yes (Preset/Hold) |
| Power-on (Initial) output | Yes |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR I/O Indicator 32 as channel 0~31 status |
| Digital Output | |
| Number of channels | 32 (NPN) (P-COM) (Ch00~15 : GND _{G1} ; Ch16~31 : GND _{G2}) |
| Type | Current Sinking, Open-Collector |
| Rated voltage | 24 V _{DC} |
| Max. Output load current | 100mA / channel @24V _{DC} |
| Output impedance | <1 Ω |
| Field-to-Backplane isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| Channel protection | Over current protection |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S05, RDB-D05 |
| Maximum power consumption | 1.7 W (0.07A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 200 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.3.1.3 Hardware Structure

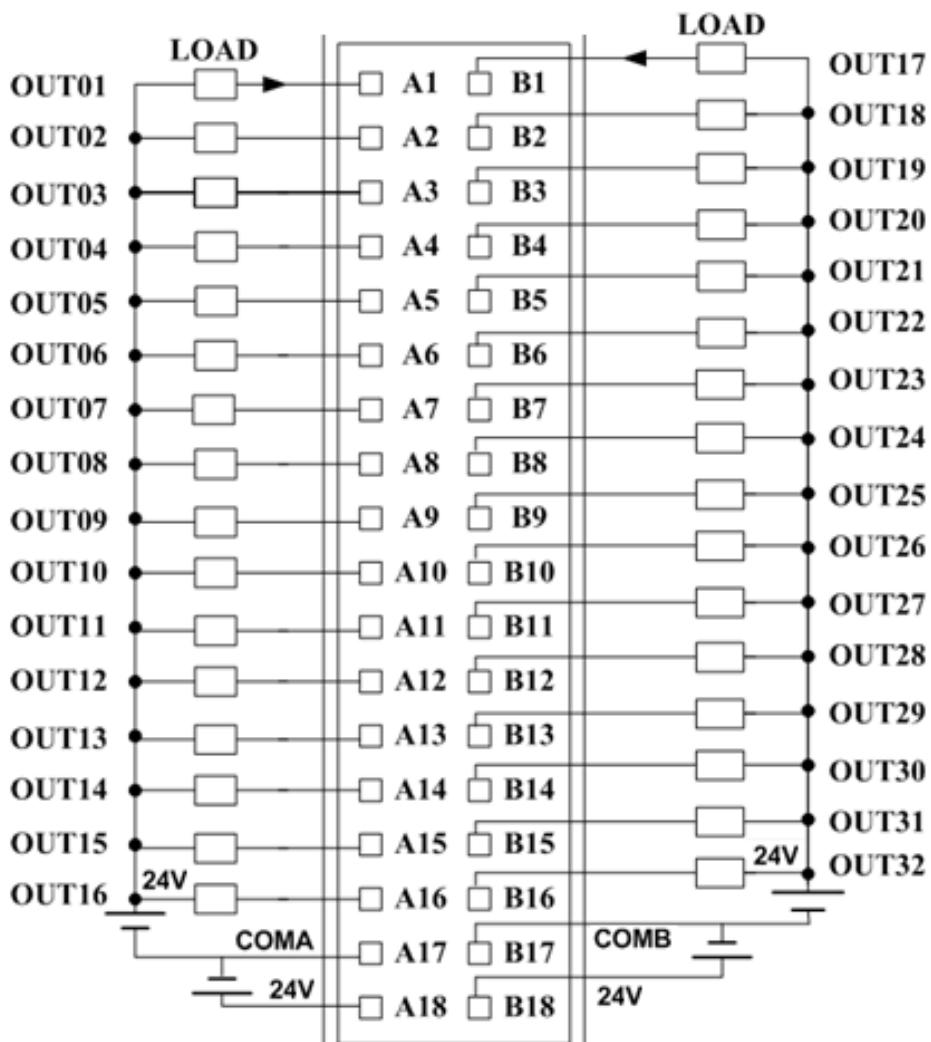


4.3.1.4 Pin assignments

| R-9041 | Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | DO_0 | A1 | B1 DO_16 |
| 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | DO_1 | A2 | B2 DO_17 |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | DO_2 | A3 | B3 DO_18 |
| 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | DO_3 | A4 | B4 DO_19 |
| | DO_4 | A5 | B5 DO_20 |
| | DO_5 | A6 | B6 DO_21 |
| | DO_6 | A7 | B7 DO_22 |
| | DO_7 | A8 | B8 DO_23 |
| | DO_8 | A9 | B9 DO_24 |
| | DO_9 | A10 | B10 DO_25 |
| | DO_10 | A11 | B11 DO_26 |
| | DO_11 | A12 | B12 DO_27 |
| | DO_12 | A13 | B13 DO_28 |
| | DO_13 | A14 | B14 DO_29 |
| | DO_14 | A15 | B15 DO_30 |
| | DO_15 | A16 | B16 DO_31 |
| | COM_A | A17 | B17 COM_B |
| | COM_A | A18 | B18 COM_B |
| | COM_A | A19 | B19 COM_B |
| | COM_A | A20 | B20 COM_B |
| | Ext. 24V_A | A21 | B21 Ext. 24V_B |
| | Ext. 24V_A | A22 | B22 Ext. 24V_B |
| | X | A23 | B23 X |
| | X | A24 | B24 X |
| | BK | A25 | B25 BK |

4.3.1.5 Terminal Board Wiring

Terminal Board of R-9041 refers to [RDB-S05, RDB-D05](#).



4.4 Analog Input

4.4.1 R-9017C1H

4.4.1.1 Overview



- 8-channel isolated current input
- Over-Range measurement (0~24 mA)
- Built-in HART master interface
- 16 bit A/D Converter
- Channel disconnection detection
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9017C1H is an 8-channel, 16-bit channel-isolated analog current input module with the following features:

- **Current Input Range :** Supports 4 ~ 20mA current input and $\pm 25\%$ over-range measurement.
- **High Accuracy :** Tolerance $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to ensure accurate current readings.
- **Sampling Rate :** 100 Hz
- **Channel Isolation :** Complete isolation of electrical signals between channels ensures that channels do not interfere with each other.
- **High/Low Alarm :** Abnormal channel current is alerted immediately to ensure the safety of system operation.
- **Channel Break-Off Detection :** Ensures safe and stable wiring of channels.
- **Channel Loop Power :** Channels can provide 28VDC to simplify equipment wiring.
- **HART Communication :** Built-in HART master communication for accessing HART device information.
- **LED Indicator :** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

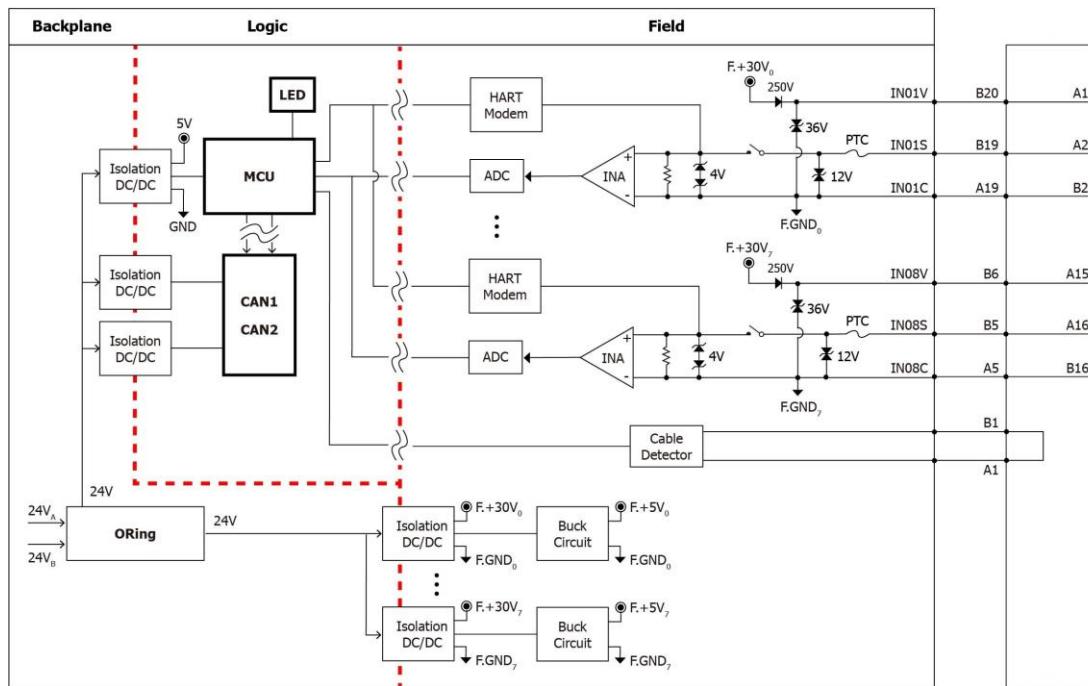
The R-9017C1H module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.4.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| HART interface | Yes, supports HART master |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1ms) |
| Over-Current Protection | Yes |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR LED 0~7 for CH High/Low alarm LED 16~23 for CH Break Line |
| Analog Input | |
| Number of channels | 8 (isolated) |
| Type | 4~20 mA (Support ±25% over-range) |
| Allowable Signal Range | 0~24mA |
| Max. Rated Input | 27 mA@24V _{DC} |
| Resolution | 16 bit |
| Sampling Rate | 100 Samples/sec (per channel) |
| Loop Power | Yes (28~29V _{DC}) |
| Accuracy | ±0.05% FSR |
| Zero Drift | ±0.002 LSB/°C |
| Span Drift | ±5 ppm/°C |
| Common Mode Rejection | 86 dB |
| Normal Mode Rejection | 100 dB |
| Input Impedance | 105.3Ω ±1% (Single/Duplex) |
| Data Range | -2500~12500 |
| Field-to-Backplane isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| HART | |
| Mode | Master (Point-to-Point) |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) / EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 |
| Maximum power consumption | 4.6 W (0.19A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Weight | 350 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.4.1.3 Hardware Structure



4.4.1.4 Pin assignments



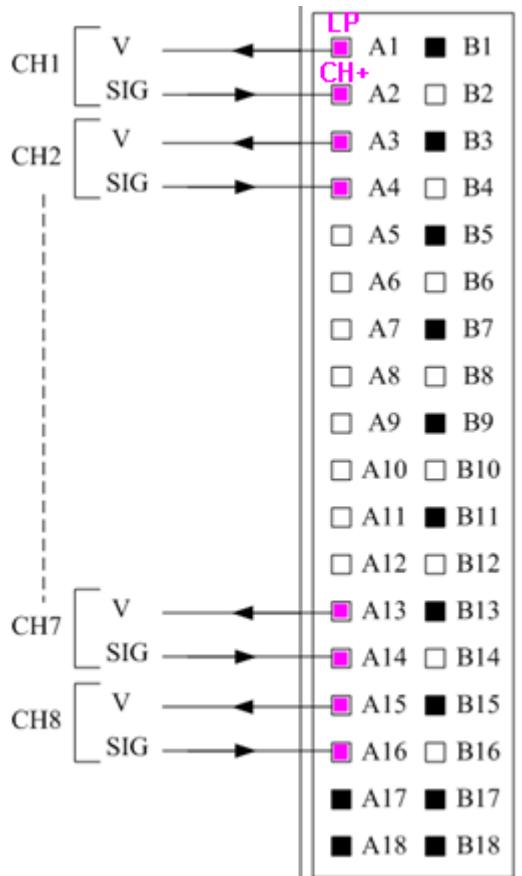
| Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|
| IN01_V (V) | A1 | B1 | X |
| IN01_S (S) | A2 | B2 | IN01_C (0V) |
| IN02_V (V) | A3 | B3 | X |
| IN02_S (S) | A4 | B4 | IN02_C (0V) |
| IN03_V (V) | A5 | B5 | X |
| IN03_S (S) | A6 | B6 | IN03_C (0V) |
| IN04_V (V) | A7 | B7 | X |
| IN04_S (S) | A8 | B8 | IN04_C (0V) |
| IN05_V (V) | A9 | B9 | X |
| IN05_S (S) | A10 | B10 | IN05_C (0V) |
| IN06_V (V) | A11 | B11 | X |
| IN06_S (S) | A12 | B12 | IN06_C (0V) |
| IN07_V (V) | A13 | B13 | X |
| IN07_S (S) | A14 | B14 | IN07_C (0V) |
| IN08_V (V) | A15 | B15 | X |
| IN08_S (S) | A16 | B16 | IN08_C (0V) |
| X | A17 | B17 | X |
| X | A18 | B18 | X |
| X | A19 | B19 | X |
| BK | A20 | B20 | BK |

4.4.1.5 Termination Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9017C1H refers to [RDB-S09 / RDB-D09](#).

(2) **2-wire device** : The loop power of R-9017C1H is supplied to the transmitter.

(3) **4-wire device** : The Loop power of R-9017C1H is not supplied to the transmitter.



4.4.2 R-9017C2H

4.4.2.1 Overview



- 16 current input channels
- Over-Range measurement (0~24 mA)
- Built-in HART Master interface
- 16 bit A/D Converter
- Channel disconnection detection
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9017C2H is a 16-channel, 16-bit analog current input module with the following features.

- **Current Input Range :** Supports 4 ~ 20mA current input and $\pm 25\%$ over-range measurement.
- **High Accuracy :** Tolerance $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to ensure accurate current measurement.
- **Sampling Rate :** 10 Hz
- **High/Low Alarm :** Abnormal channel current is alerted immediately to ensure the safety of system operation.
- **Channel Break-Off Detection :** Ensures safe and stable wiring of channels.
- **Channel Loop Power :** Channels can provide 28VDC to simplify equipment wiring.
- **HART Communication :** Built-in HART master communication for accessing HART device information.
- **LED Indicator :** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

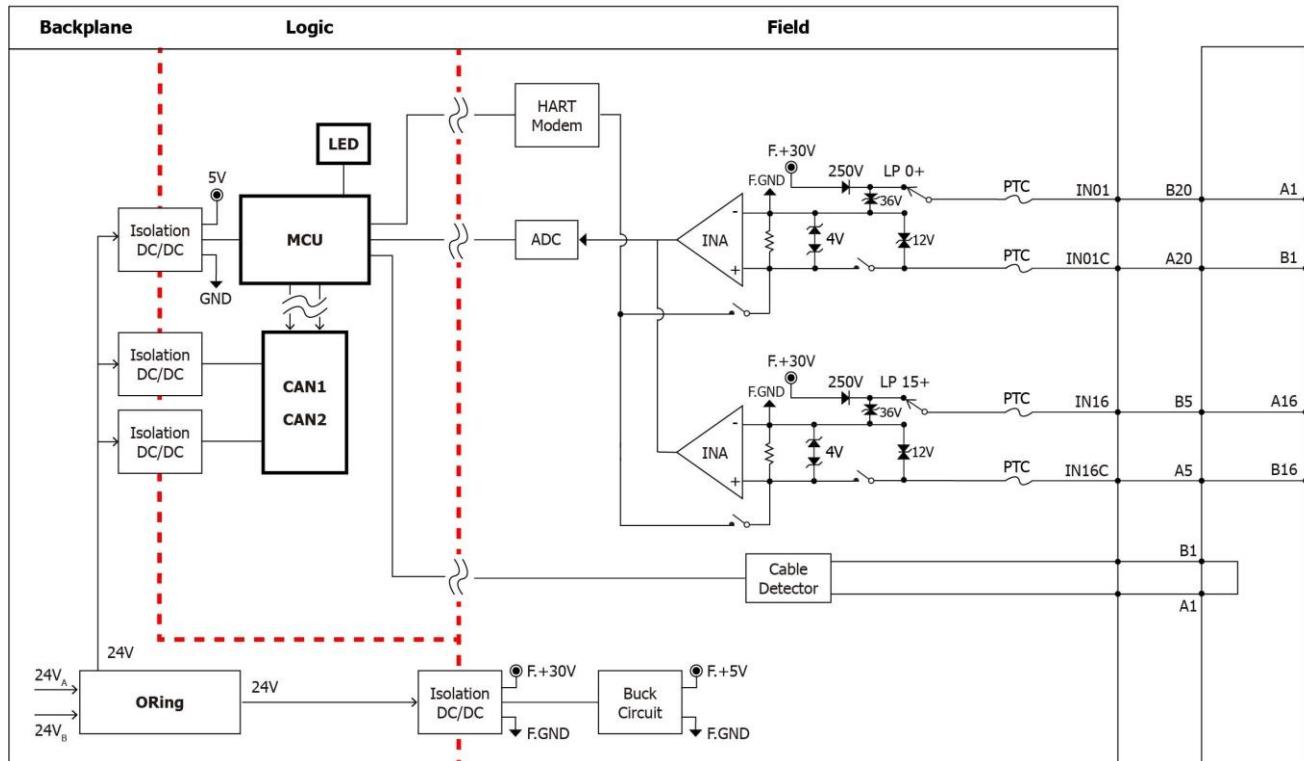
The R-9017C2H module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.4.2.2 Specification

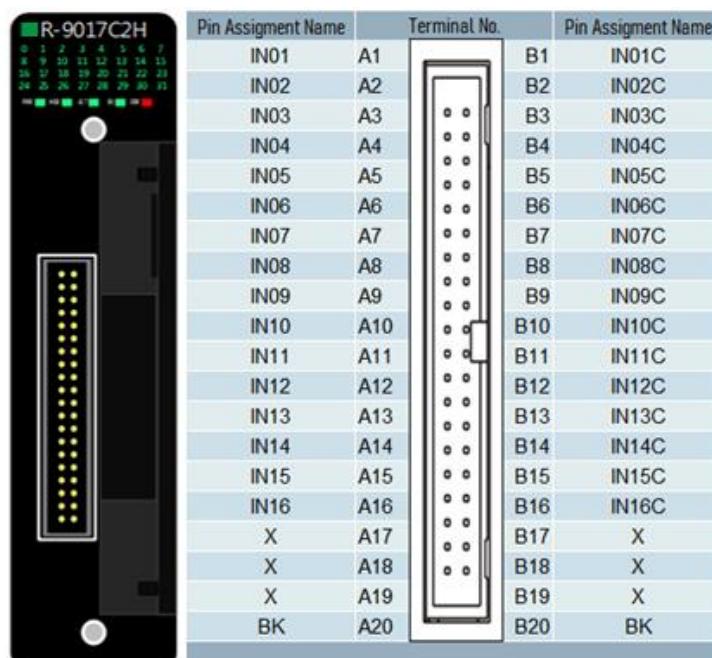
| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| HART interface | Yes, supports HART master |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1ms) |
| Over-Current Protection | Yes |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR LED 0~15 for CH High/Low alarm LED 16~31 for CH Break Line |
| Analog Input | |
| Number of channels | 16 |
| Type | 4~20 mA (Support ±25% over-range) |
| Allowable Signal Range | 0~24mA |
| Max. Rated Input | 27 mA@24V _{DC} |
| Resolution | 16 bit |
| Sampling Rate | 10 Samples/sec (per channel) |
| Loop Power | Yes (28~29V _{DC}) |
| Accuracy | ±0.05% FSR |
| Zero Drift | ±0.002 LSB/°C |
| Span Drift | ±5 ppm/°C |
| Common Mode Rejection | 86 dB |
| Normal Mode Rejection | 100 dB |
| Input Impedance | 85.3Ω ±1% (Single/Duplex) (2.1V@20mA) |
| Data Range | -2500~12500 |
| Field-to-Backplane isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| HART | |
| Mode | Master (Point-to-Point) |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S01 / RDB-D01 |
| Maximum power consumption | 2.4 W (0.1A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 260 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.4.2.3 Hardware Structure



4.4.2.4 Pin assignments



4.4.2.5 Termination Board Wiring

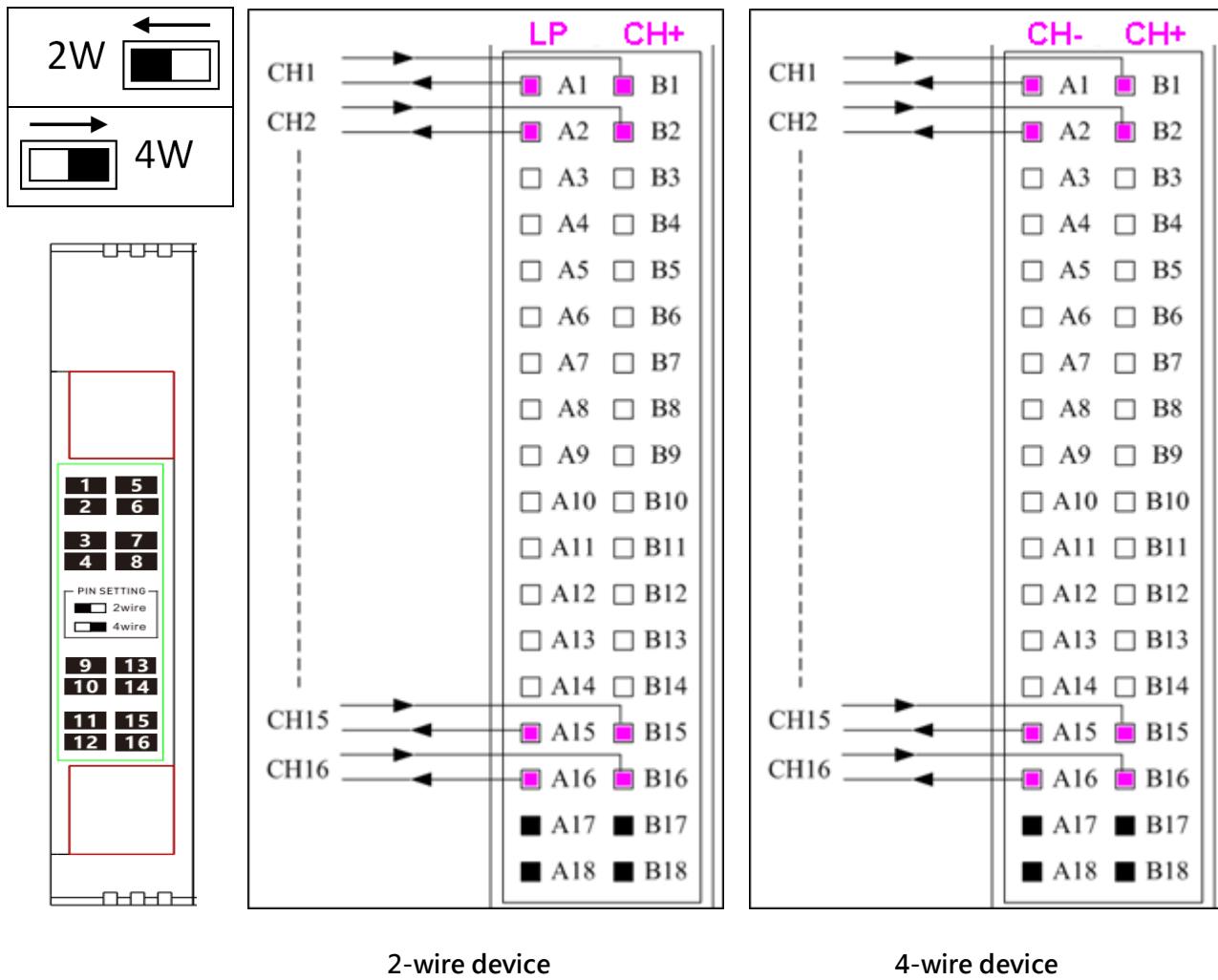
(1) Terminal Board of R-9017C2H refers to [RDB-S01 / RDB-D01](#).

(2) **2-wire device** : The loop power of R-9017C2H is supplied to the transmitter.

<1> The dip switch of the “PIN SETTING“ should be set to be the “**2 wire**“ side.

(3) **4-wire device** : The loop power of R-9017C2H is not supplied to the transmitter.

<1> The dip switch of the “PIN SETTING“ should be set to be the “**4 wire**“ side.



4.4.3 R-9015

4.4.3.1 Overview



- 12 RTD input channels
- User-defined measurement range scaling
- 16 bit A/D converter
- Channel disconnection detection
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9015 is a 12-channel, 16-bit RTD temperature measurement module with the following features:

- **Supports Multiple RTD Sensors:** PT-100, JPT-100 and PT-1000 temperature sensors.
- **High Accuracy:** Tolerance $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to ensure accurate temperature measurement.
- **High/low Alarm:** Abnormal channel temperature is alerted immediately to ensure the safety of system operation.
- **Measurement Range & Temperature Offset:** Different measurement ranges and temperature offsets can be set according to application requirements to enhance the accuracy and reliability of the measurement results.
- **Channel Break-Off Detection:** Ensures safe and stable wiring of the channel.
- **LED Indicator:** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

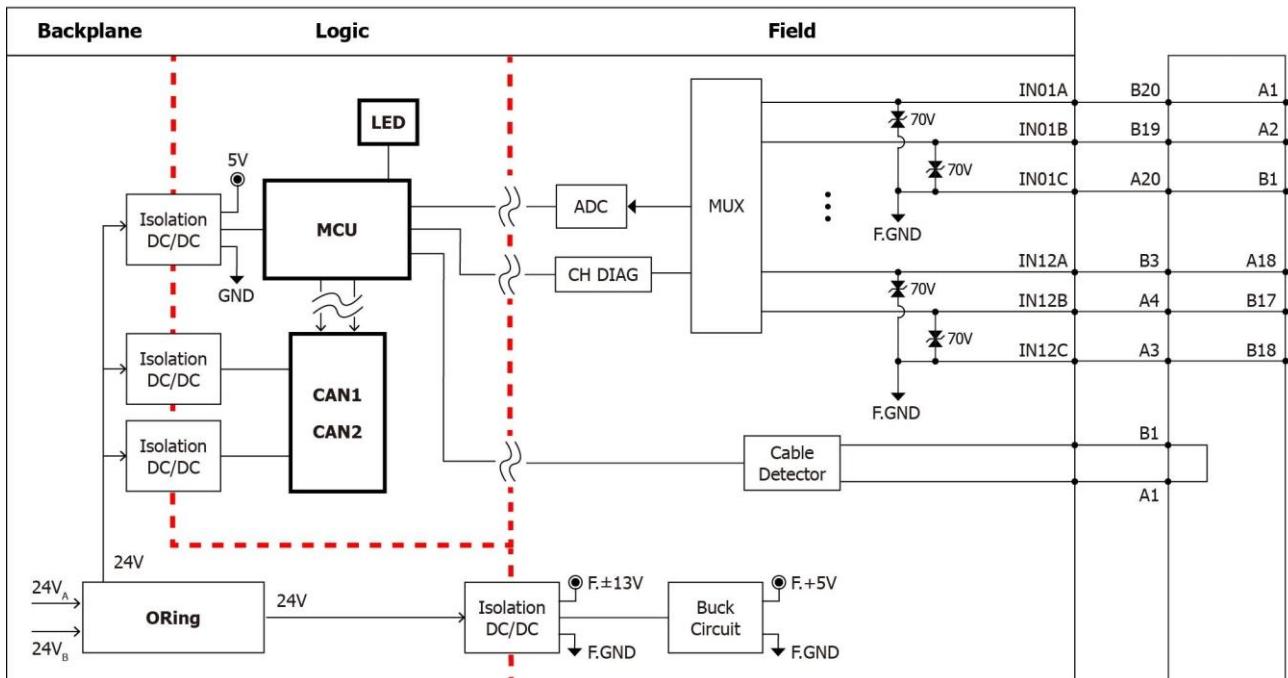
The R-9015 module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.4.3.2 Specification

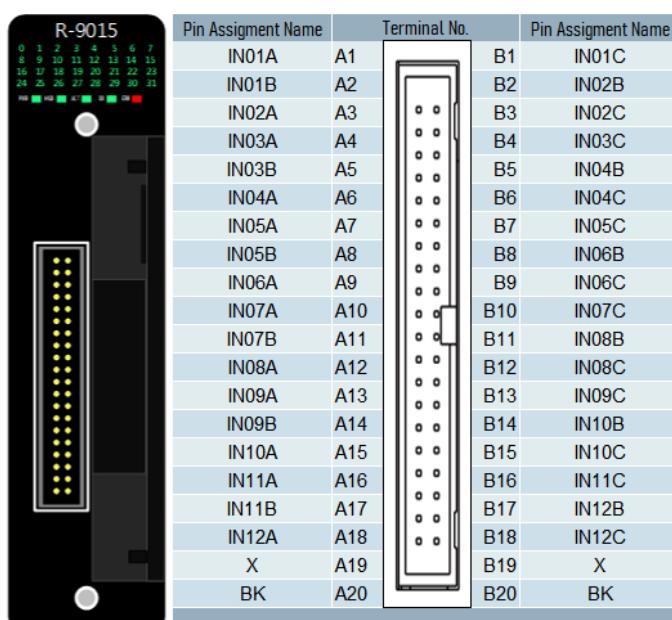
| Parameter | Value |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1ms) |
| Over Voltage Protection | Yes |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Open Wire Detection | Yes |
| | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR |
| LED indicator | LED 0~11 for CH High/Low alarm LED 16~27 for CH Break Line |
| RTD Input | |
| Number of channels | 12 (Non-isolated) |
| Wiring | 3 Wire |
| Type | Pt-100 IEC 60751 ITS90 (0.03851 Ω/Ω/°C) JPt-100 JIS C 1604 (0.03916 Ω/Ω/°C) Pt-1000 IEC 60751 ITS90 (0.03851 Ω/Ω/°C) |
| Temperature Range | Pt100 -200 ~ +850°C (0~10000) JPt-100 , Pt1000 -200 ~ +630°C (0~10000) |
| Resolution | 16 bit |
| Sampling Rate | 1 Samples/sec (per channel) |
| Accuracy | ±0.05% FSR |
| Zero Drift | ±0.5 μV/°C |
| Span Drift | ±20 μV/°C |
| Common Mode Rejection | 106 dB |
| Normal Mode Rejection | 100 dB |
| Input Impedance | 20 MΩ (10M+10M, between CH+/-) |
| Data Range | -2500~12500 |
| Field-to-Backplane isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S03 / RDB-D03 |
| Maximum power consumption | 2 W (0.08A@24V _{DC}) |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 200 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.4.3.3 Hardware Structure

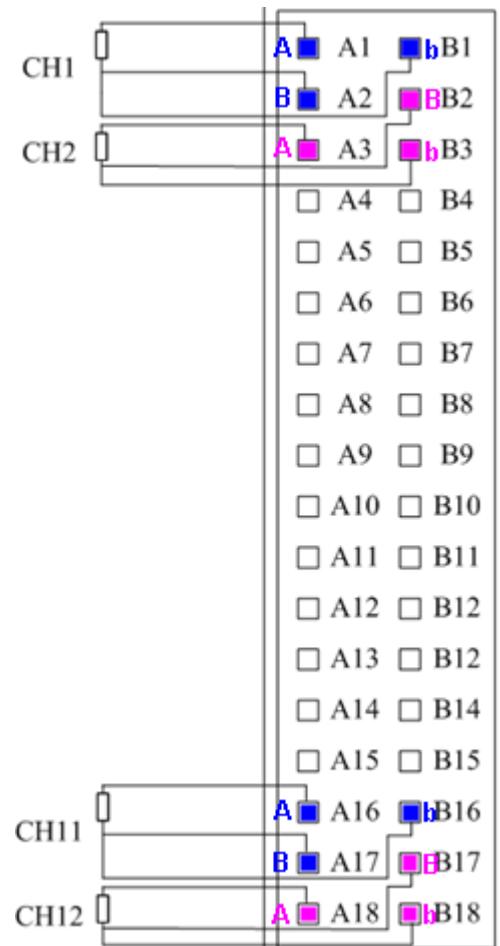


4.4.3.4 Pin assignments



4.4.3.5 Termination Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9015 refers to [RDB-S03 / RDB-D03](#).



4.4.4 R-9019

4.4.4.1 Overview



- 16 thermocouple input channels
- User-defined measurement range scaling
- 16 bit A/D Converter
- Channel disconnection detection
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9019 is a highly accurate 16-channel, 16-bit thermocouple temperature measurement module with the following features:

- **Supports Multiple Sensors:** J, K, T, E, R, S, B, N, C thermocouple temperature sensors.
- **High Accuracy:** Tolerance $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to ensure accurate temperature measurement.
- **High/Low Alarm:** Abnormal channel temperature is alerted immediately to ensure the safety of system operation.
- **Temperature Measurement Range:** Different measurement ranges can be set according to application requirements.
- **Channel Break-Off Detection:** Ensures safe and stable wiring of the channel.
- **LED Indicator:** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

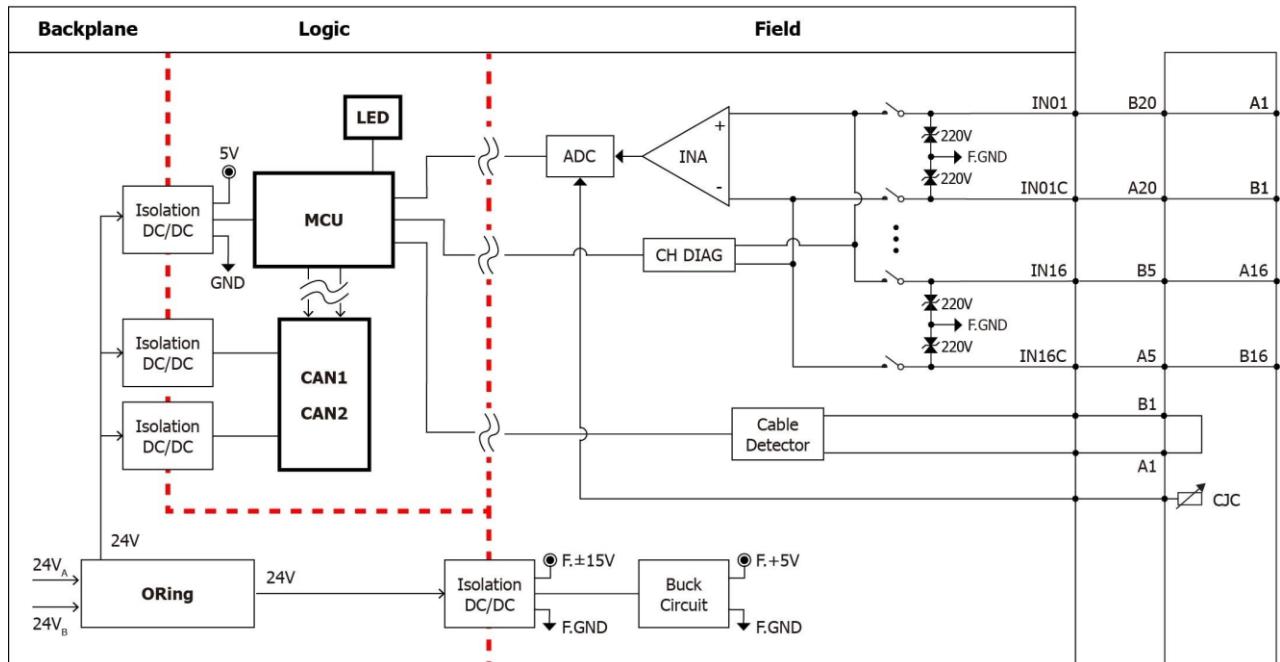
The R-9019 module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.4.4.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1ms) |
| Over Voltage Protection | Yes |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Open Wire Detection | Yes |
| | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR |
| LED indicator | LED 0~15 for CH High/Low alarm LED 16~31 for CH Break Line |
| Thermocouple Input | |
| Number of channels | 16 |
| Type | Type J, K, T, E, R, S, B, N, C |
| Temperature Range | J -210 ~ +1200 °C |
| | K -270 ~ +1372 °C |
| | T -270 ~ +400 °C |
| | E -270 ~ +1000 °C |
| | R -50 ~ +1765 °C |
| | S -50 ~ +1765 °C |
| | B 0 ~ +1820 °C |
| | N -270 ~ +1300 °C |
| | C 0 ~ +2320 °C |
| Resolution | 16 bit |
| Sampling Rate | 1 Samples/sec (Total channels) |
| Accuracy | ±0.05% FSR (CJC<0.5°C) |
| Zero Drift | ±20 μV/°C |
| Span Drift | ±25 μV/°C |
| Common Mode Rejection | 106 dB |
| Normal Mode Rejection | 100 dB |
| Input Impedance | 20 MΩ (10M+10M, between CH+/-) |
| Data Range | -2500~12500 |
| Field-to-Backplane isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) / EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) |
| | IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) |
| | IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Termination board | RDB-S02 / RDB-D02 |
| Maximum power consumption | 2.2 W (0.09A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 200 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.4.4.3 Hardware Structure



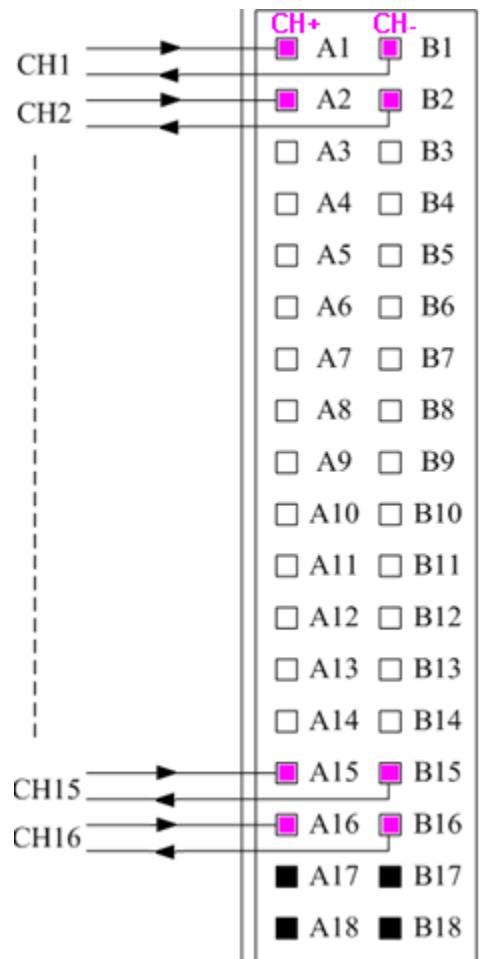
4.4.4.4 Pin assignments

R-9019

| Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| IN01 | A1 | B1 |
| IN02 | A2 | B2 |
| IN03 | A3 | B3 |
| IN04 | A4 | B4 |
| IN05 | A5 | B5 |
| IN06 | A6 | B6 |
| IN07 | A7 | B7 |
| IN08 | A8 | B8 |
| IN09 | A9 | B9 |
| IN10 | A10 | B10 |
| IN11 | A11 | B11 |
| IN12 | A12 | B12 |
| IN13 | A13 | B13 |
| IN14 | A14 | B14 |
| IN15 | A15 | B15 |
| IN16 | A16 | B16 |
| CJC | A17 | CJC |
| CJC | A18 | |
| CJC | A19 | X |
| BK | A20 | BK |

4.4.4.5 Termination Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9019 refers to [RDB-S02 / RDB-D02](#).



4.5 Analog Output

4.5.1 R-9028V1

4.5.1.1 Overview



- 8 voltage output channels
- Power-on value & Safety value
- 16 bit D/A Converter
- Channel short-circuit protection
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9028V1 is a high-precision 8-channel, 16-bit channel-isolated voltage output module with the following features.

- **Voltage Output Range:** 1 ~ 5V or -10V ~ +10V.
- **High Accuracy:** Tolerance $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to ensure accurate voltage output.
- **Power-on value and safety value:** Ensures that the module outputs a predefined voltage during startup or abnormal conditions.
- **Channel Isolation:** Complete isolation of electrical signals between channels ensures that channels do not interfere with each other.
- **Channel short-circuit protection:** Ensures safe and stable wiring of the channel.
- **LED Indicator:** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

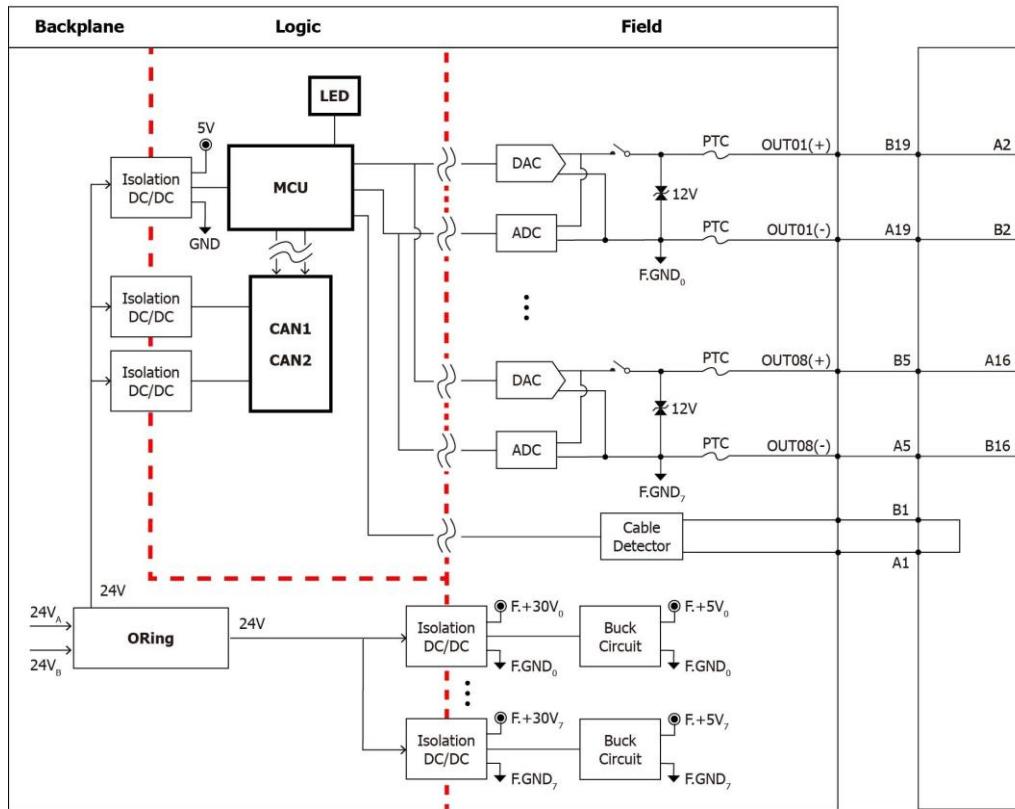
The R-9028V1 module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

4.5.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1 ms) |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Power-On Value | Yes |
| Safety Value | Yes |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR LED 0~7 for CH High/Low alarm |
| Analog Output | |
| Number of channels | 8 (isolated) |
| Type | 1 ~ 5 V, ±10 V |
| Maximum Allowable Output Range | 1 ~ 5 V +20% (0 ~ 6 V _{DC}) ±10 V ±20% (±12V _{DC}) |
| Resolution | 16 bit |
| Accuracy | ±0.05% FSR |
| Zero Drift | ±4 ppm/°C |
| Span Drift | ±3 ppm/°C |
| Min. Load Resistance | 10 KΩ |
| Data Range | -2500~12500 |
| Field-to-Logic isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 |
| Maximum power consumption | 6.3W (0.26A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 270 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

1. The power consumption depends on the load.

4.5.1.3 Hardware Structure

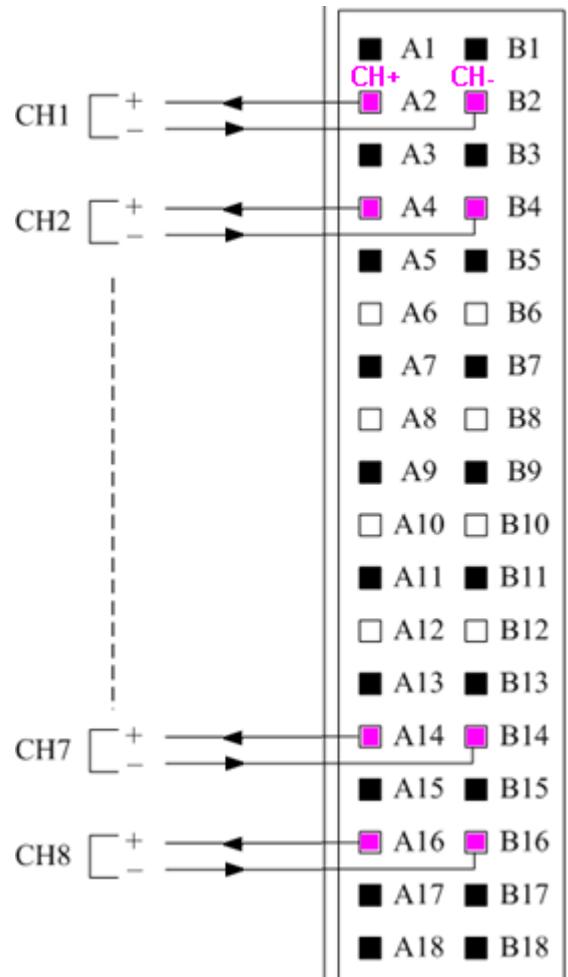


4.5.1.4 Pin assignments

| Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|
| X | A1 | B1 | X |
| OUT01(+) | A2 | B2 | OUT01(-) |
| X | A3 | B3 | X |
| OUT02(+) | A4 | B4 | OUT02(-) |
| X | A5 | B5 | X |
| OUT03(+) | A6 | B6 | OUT03(-) |
| X | A7 | B7 | X |
| OUT04(+) | A8 | B8 | OUT04(-) |
| X | A9 | B9 | X |
| OUT05(+) | A10 | B10 | OUT05(-) |
| X | A11 | B11 | X |
| OUT06(+) | A12 | B12 | OUT06(-) |
| X | A13 | B13 | X |
| OUT07(+) | A14 | B14 | OUT07(-) |
| X | A15 | B15 | X |
| OUT08(+) | A16 | B16 | OUT08(-) |
| X | A17 | B17 | X |
| X | A18 | B18 | X |
| X | A19 | B19 | X |
| BK | A20 | B20 | BK |

4.5.1.5 Termination Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9028V1 refers to [RDB-S09 / RDB-D09](#).



4.5.2 R-9028CH

4.5.2.1 Overview



- 8 current output channels
- Power-on value & Safety value
- Built-in HART master interface
- 16 bit D/A Converter
- Channel disconnection detection
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)
- Supports automatic detection of output current accuracy

The R-9028CH is a high-precision 8-channel, 16-bit channel-isolated current output module with the following features:

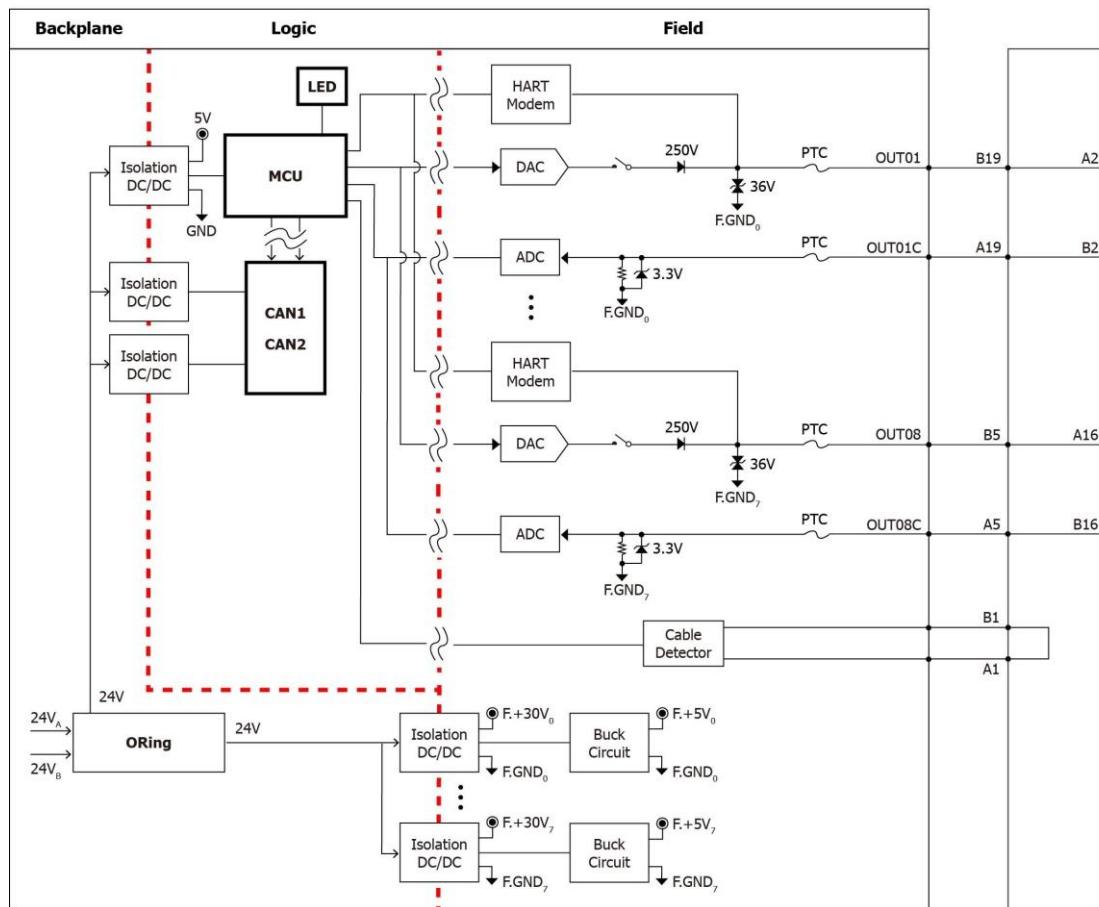
- **Current Output Range:** 4 ~20mA current output (Source Type)
- **High Accuracy:** Tolerance $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to ensure accurate current output.
- **Power-on value & Safety value:** Ensures that the module outputs a predefined current during startup or abnormal conditions.
- **Channel Isolation:** The electrical signals between channels are completely isolated to ensure that the channels do not interfere with each other.
- **Channel Disconnection Detection:** Ensure the safety and stability of channel wiring.
- **HART Communications:** Built-in HART master communication for accessing HART device information.
- **LED Indicator:** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

The R-9028CH module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

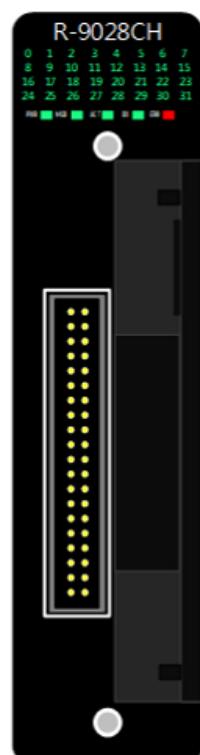
4.5.2.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| HART interface | Yes, supports HART master |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1 ms) |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Open Wire Detection | Yes |
| Power-On Value | Yes |
| Safety Value | Yes |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR |
| | LED 0~7 for CH High/Low alarm |
| | LED 16~23 for CH Break Line |
| Analog Output | |
| Number of channels | 8 (isolated) |
| Type | 4 ~ 20 mA (EU 0~1000) |
| Maximum Allowable Output Range | 0 ~ 24 mA (EU -2500~12500) |
| Resolution | 16 bit |
| Accuracy | ±0.05% FSR |
| Zero Drift | ±1.5 ppm/°C |
| Span Drift | ±3 ppm/°C |
| Load Resistance | <1K Ω |
| Data Range | -2500~12500 |
| Field-to-Logic isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| HART | |
| Channel | 1, Multiplexer Switchable |
| Mode | Master (Point-to-Point) |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) / EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) |
| | IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) |
| | IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 |
| Maximum power consumption | 5.6W (0.23A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 360 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.5.2.3 Hardware Structure



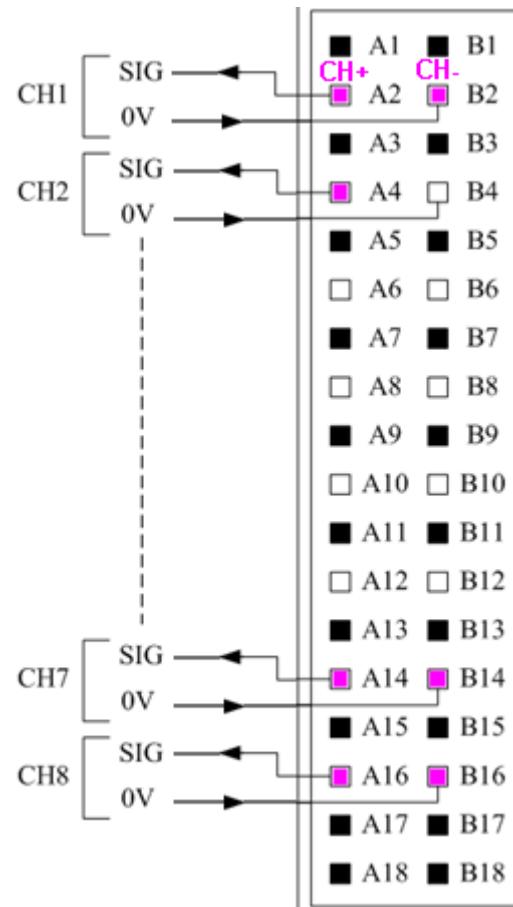
4.5.2.4 Pin assignments



| Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|
| X | A1 | B1 | X |
| OUT01 | A2 | B2 | OUT01C |
| X | A3 | B3 | X |
| OUT02 | A4 | B4 | OUT02C |
| X | A5 | B5 | X |
| OUT03 | A6 | B6 | OUT03C |
| X | A7 | B7 | X |
| OUT04 | A8 | B8 | OUT04C |
| X | A9 | B9 | X |
| OUT05 | A10 | B10 | OUT05C |
| X | A11 | B11 | X |
| OUT06 | A12 | B12 | OUT06C |
| X | A13 | B13 | X |
| OUT07 | A14 | B14 | OUT07C |
| X | A15 | B15 | X |
| OUT08 | A16 | B16 | OUT08C |
| X | A17 | B17 | X |
| X | A18 | B18 | X |
| X | A19 | B19 | X |
| BK | A20 | B20 | BK |

4.5.2.5 Termination Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9028CH refers to [RDB-S09 / RDB-D09](#).



4.6 Pulse Input

4.6.1 R-9084

4.6.1.1 Overview



- 32-bit counter
- 8 up-counter/frequency channels
- 1 ~ 32767 us digital filter
- Falling/Rising/Both edge trigger
- Termination board disconnection detection
- Redundant switching time (< 1 ms)

The R-9084 is an 8-channel, 32-bit high-speed counter and frequency measurement module with the following features:

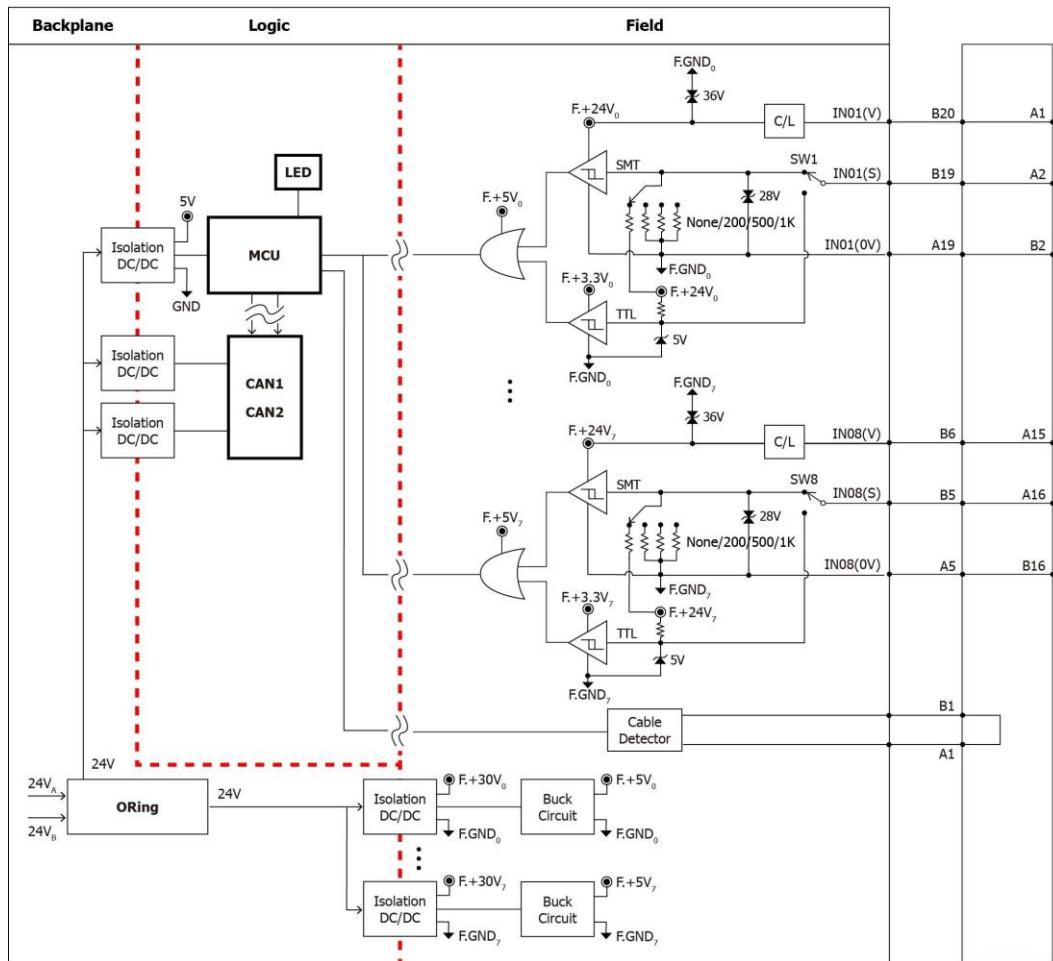
- **Input Signal Type:** Support 3V_{DC}/8V_{DC} Schmitt or TTL (0.8V/2.0V) voltage level trig and the dip switch of the "PIN SETTING" is used for the configuration.
- **Low-pass Filter:** Solves the problem of bouncing of the pulse input signal and ensures the stability of the input signal.
- **Measurement Frequency Range:** 1Hz ~ 10 KHz
- **Channel Isolation:** Complete isolation of electrical signals between channels ensures that channels do not interfere with each other.
- **LED Indicator:** Displays channel abnormal status and module operation status.

The R-9084 module must be used with a terminal board to connect external signals and supports a terminal board disconnection detection mechanism to ensure wiring stability. It features a 3000 VDC isolation design, providing robust noise immunity between the backplane and external signals, making it highly suitable for industrial environments. Additionally, the module supports a redundancy design, allowing the system to continue stable operation even if a single I/O module fails, further enhancing system reliability.

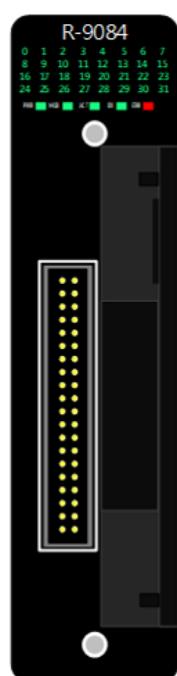
4.6.1.2 Specification

| Parameter | Value |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature | |
| Redundant | Yes (Switching time < 1 ms) (The counting error less than 1 counter) |
| Termination board disconnection detection | Yes |
| Digital filter | Yes (1~32767us) (default: off) |
| LED indicator | 1 PWR, 1 MOD, 1 ACT, 1 DX, 1 ERR 8 channel status |
| Pulse Input | |
| Number of channels | 8 (isolated) |
| Type | CH+/CH-: 3V _{DC} /8V _{DC} Level with Schmitt trigger TTL/CH-: TTL Level trigger |
| Digital filter | Yes (1~32767us, default is off) |
| Input signal level (Schmitt) between CH+ and CH- | V _H (high level): from 8V _{DC} to 30V _{DC} V _L (low level): less than 3V _{DC} |
| Input signal level (TTL) between TTL+ and CH- | V _H (high level): larger than 2V _{DC} V _L (low level): less than 0.8V _{DC} |
| Input impedance | 200/500/1KΩ or None |
| Maximum input current | 24mA @ 24V _{DC} 、30mA @ 30V _{DC} (Input impedance: 1K) |
| Pulse edge | Up / Down edge trigger |
| Loop power | LP / CH- voltage: 27~28V _{DC} (<27mA/CH.) |
| Input frequency range | 1 Hz ~ 10 KHz |
| Input reaction time | <3 ms |
| Field-to-Logic Isolation | 3000V _{DC} |
| Certification | |
| EMC | EN 61000-6-2 (EMS) / EN 61000-6-4 (EMI) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) IEC/EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) |
| General | |
| Termination board | RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 |
| Maximum power consumption | 6.8W (0.28A@24V _{DC}) |
| Operating temperature | -25°C ~ +70°C |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing |
| Weight | 360 g |
| Dimensions (W x L x H) | 33 x 129 x 130 mm |

4.6.1.3 Hardware Structure



4.6.1.4 Pin assignments

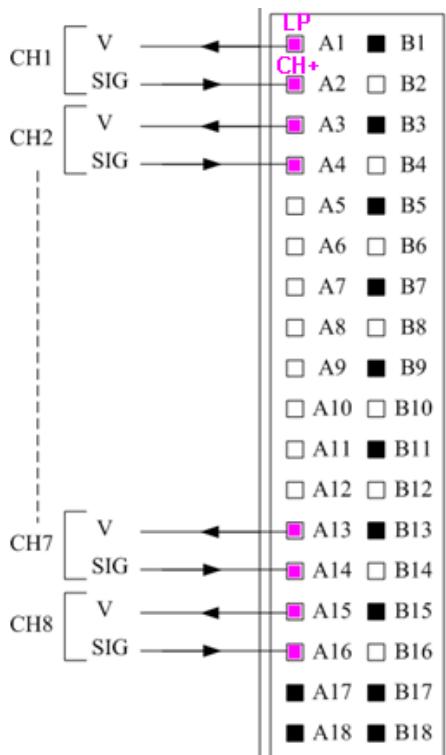


| Pin Assignment Name | Terminal No. | Pin Assignment Name |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| IN01(V) | A1 | B1 X |
| IN01(S) | A2 | B2 IN01(0V) |
| IN02(V) | A3 | B3 X |
| IN02(S) | A4 | B4 IN02(0V) |
| IN03(V) | A5 | B5 X |
| IN03(S) | A6 | B6 IN03(0V) |
| IN04(V) | A7 | B7 X |
| IN04(S) | A8 | B8 IN04(0V) |
| IN05(V) | A9 | B9 X |
| IN05(S) | A10 | B10 IN05(0V) |
| IN06(V) | A11 | B11 X |
| IN06(S) | A12 | B12 IN06(0V) |
| IN07(V) | A13 | B13 X |
| IN07(S) | A14 | B14 IN07(0V) |
| IN08(V) | A15 | B15 X |
| IN08(S) | A16 | B16 IN08(0V) |
| X | A17 | B17 X |
| X | A18 | B18 X |
| X | A19 | B19 X |
| BK | A20 | B20 BK |

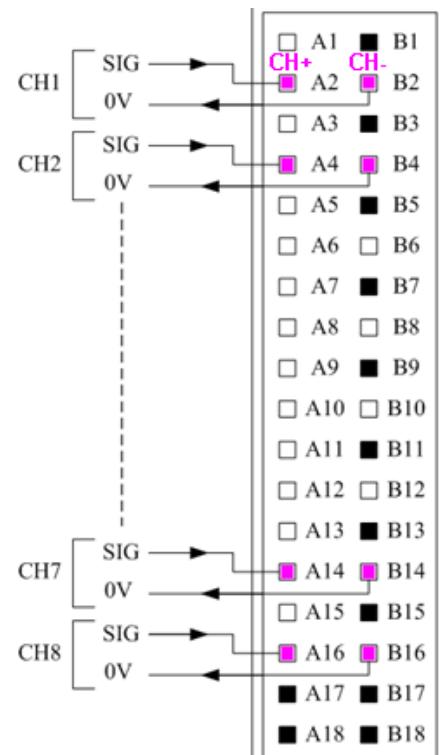
4.6.1.5 Termination Board Wiring

(1) Terminal Board of R-9084 refers to [RDB-S09 / RDB-D09](#).

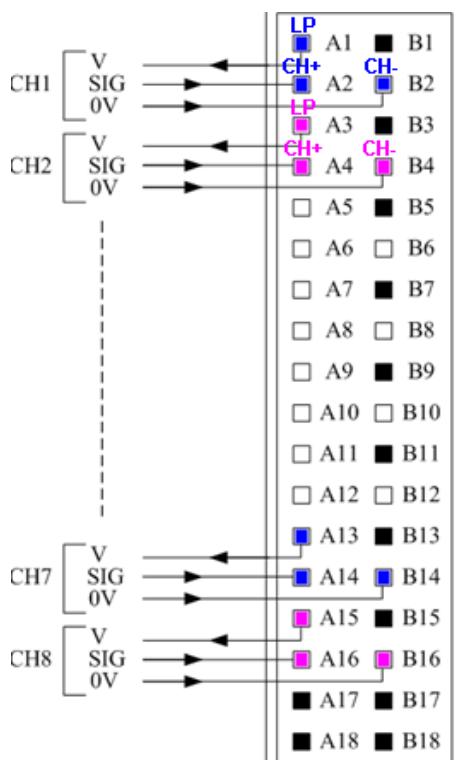
(2) 2-wire & 3-wire device : The loop power of R-9084 is supplied to the device.



Voltage Pulse Signal (2-wire system)



Current Pulse Signal



Voltage Pulse Signal (3-wire system)



Section 5 Termination Board

5.1 Digital Input

5.1.1 RDB-S08 / RDB-D08



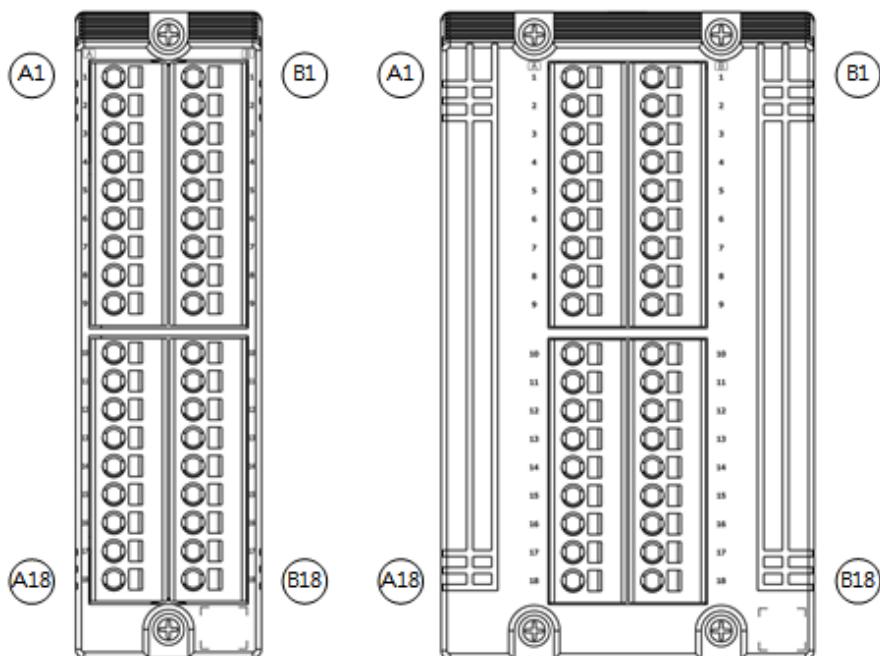
5.1.1.1 Overview

RDB-S08 is a terminal board for single digital input module (DI) and **RDB-D08** is a terminal board for duplex digital input module (DI). They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S08 or RDB-D08 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.1.1.2 Specification

| Digital Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S08 | RDB-D08 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 32 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.1.1.3 Pin assignment



| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| DI0 | DI1 | DI2 | DI3 | DI4 | DI5 | DI6 | DI7 | DI8 | DI9 | DI10 | DI11 | DI12 | DI13 | DI14 | DI15 | COMa | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| DI16 | DI17 | DI18 | DI19 | DI20 | DI21 | DI22 | DI23 | DI24 | DI25 | DI26 | DI27 | DI28 | DI29 | DI30 | DI31 | COMb | N/A |

5.1.1.4 Wiring

- Wet contact (Current sinking / sourcing)

| Input Type | ON State LED ON Readback as 0 | | OFF State LED OFF Readback as 1 | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Relay Contact | Relay ON | Relay Off | |
| Relay Contact | + - Relay Close | COM DIx | + - Relay Open | COM DIx |
| TTL/CMOS Logic | Voltage > 3.5V | Logic Power Logic Level Low | Logic Power Logic Level High | Voltage < 1V |
| NPN Output | Open Collector On | ON | OFF | Open Collector Off |
| PNP Output | Open Collector On | ON | OFF | Open Collector Off |

5.2 Digital Output

5.2.1 RDB-S05 / RDB-D05



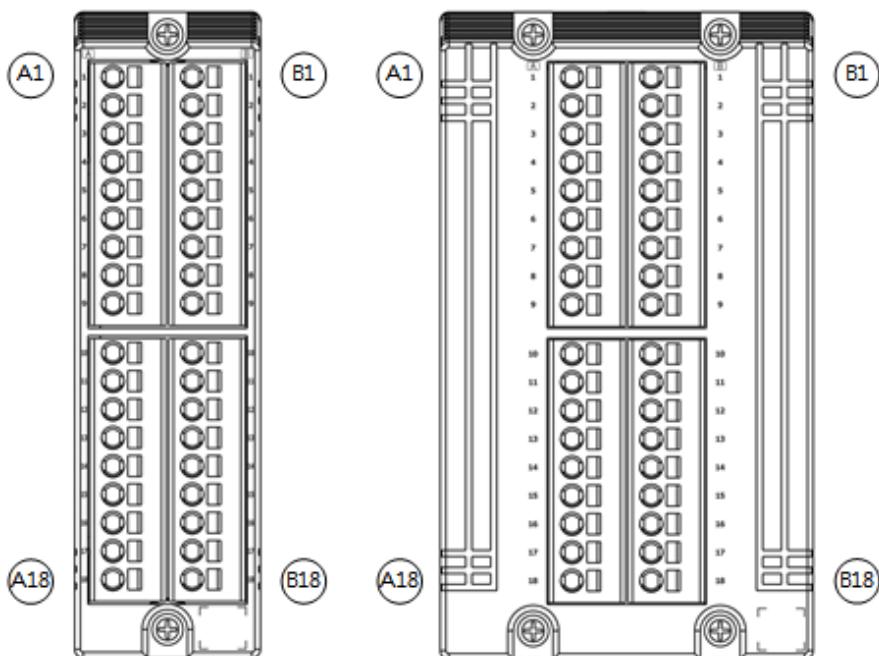
5.2.1.1 Overview

RDB-S05 is a termination board for single digital output module (DO) and **RDB-D05** is a terminal board for duplex digital output module (DO). They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S05 or RDB-D05 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.2.1.2 Specification

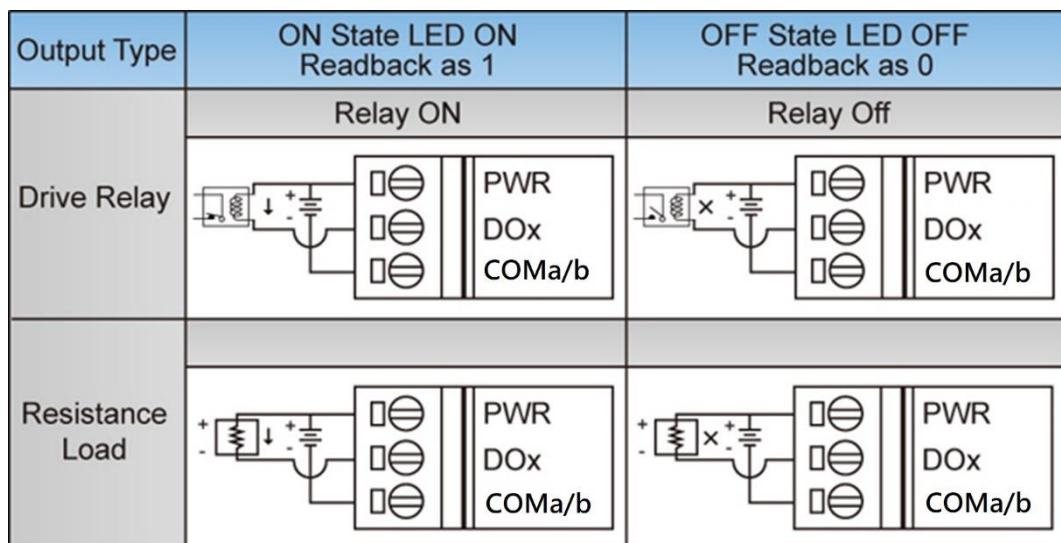
| Digital Output | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S05 | RDB-D05 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 32 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.2.1.3 Pin assignment



| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| DO0 | DO1 | DO2 | DO3 | DO4 | DO5 | DO6 | DO7 | DO8 | DO9 | DO10 | DO11 | DO12 | DO13 | DO14 | DO15 | COMa | PWRa |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| DO16 | DO17 | DO18 | DO19 | DO20 | DO21 | DO22 | DO23 | DO24 | DO25 | DO26 | DO27 | DO28 | DO29 | DO30 | DO31 | COMb | PWRb |

5.2.1.4 Wiring



5.3 Analog Input

5.3.1 RDB-S01 / RDB-D01 (Analog Input)



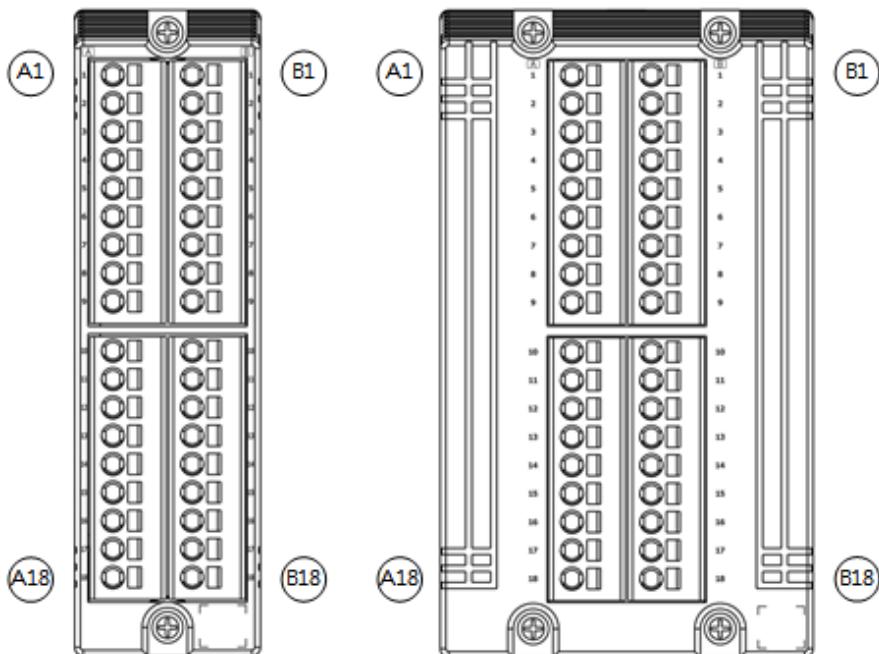
5.3.1.1 Overview

RDB-S01 is a terminal board for single non-isolated analog current/voltage module and **RDB-D01** is a terminal board for duplex non-isolated analog current/voltage module. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S01 or RDB-D01 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.3.1.2 Specification

| Analog Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S01 | RDB-D01 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 16 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.3.1.3 Pin assignment



R-9017C2H

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| CH0- | CH1- | CH2- | CH3- | CH4- | CH5- | CH6- | CH7- | CH8- | CH9- | CH10- | CH11- | CH12- | CH13- | CH14- | CH15- | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| CH0+ | CH1+ | CH2+ | CH3+ | CH4+ | CH5+ | CH6+ | CH7+ | CH8+ | CH9+ | CH10+ | CH11+ | CH12+ | CH13+ | CH14+ | CH15+ | N/A | N/A |

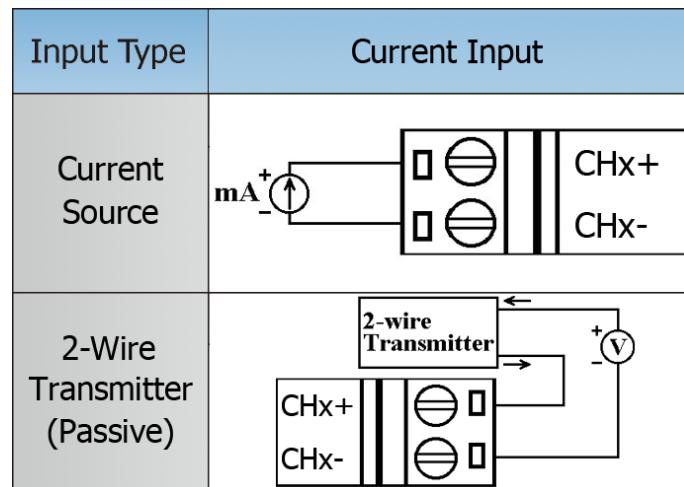
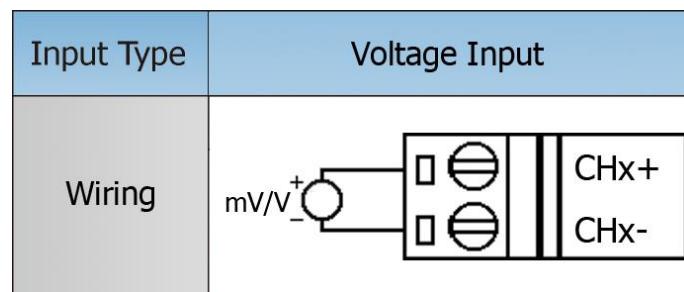
R-9017V2

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| CH0+ | CH1+ | CH2+ | CH3+ | CH4+ | CH5+ | CH6+ | CH7+ | CH8+ | CH9+ | CH10+ | CH11+ | CH12+ | CH13+ | CH14+ | CH15+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| CH0- | CH1- | CH2- | CH3- | CH4- | CH5- | CH6- | CH7- | CH8- | CH9- | CH10- | CH11- | CH12- | CH13- | CH14- | CH15- | N/A | N/A |

R-9026C2H

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| AI0- | AI1- | AI2- | AI3- | AI4- | AI5- | AI6- | AI7- | AO0+ | AO1+ | AO2+ | AO3+ | AO4+ | AO5+ | AO6+ | AO7+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| AI0+ | AI1+ | AI2+ | AI3+ | AI4+ | AI5+ | AI6+ | AI7+ | AO0- | AO1- | AO2- | AO3- | AO4- | AO5- | AO6- | AO7- | N/A | N/A |

5.3.1.4 Wiring



5.3.2 RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 (Analog Input)



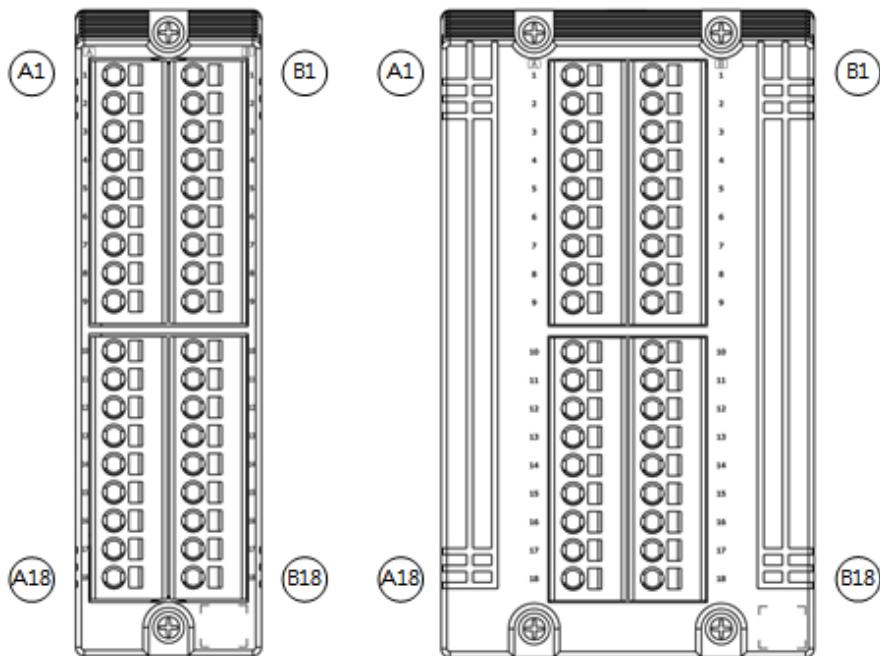
5.3.2.1 Overview

RDB-S09 is a terminal board for single isolated analog current/voltage or pulse module and **RDB-D09** is a terminal board for duplex isolated analog current/voltage or pulse module. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S09 or RDB-D09 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.3.2.2 Specification

| Analog Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S09 | RDB-D09 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 16 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

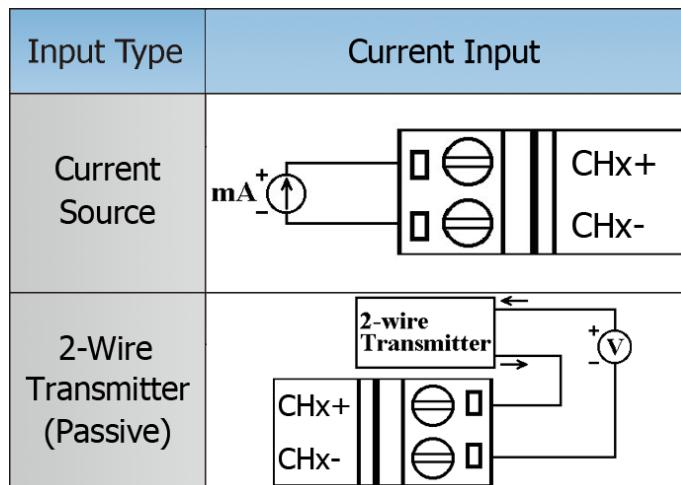
5.3.2.3 Pin assignment



R-9017C1H

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| LP0 | AI0+ | LP1 | AI1+ | LP2 | AI2+ | LP3 | AI3+ | LP4 | AI4+ | LP5 | AI5+ | LP6 | AI6+ | LP7 | AI7+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| N/A | AI0- | N/A | AI1- | N/A | AI2- | N/A | AI3- | N/A | AI4- | N/A | AI5- | N/A | AI6- | N/A | AI7- | N/A | N/A |

5.3.2.4 Wiring



5.4 Analog Output

5.4.1 RDB-S01 / RDB-D01 (Analog Output)



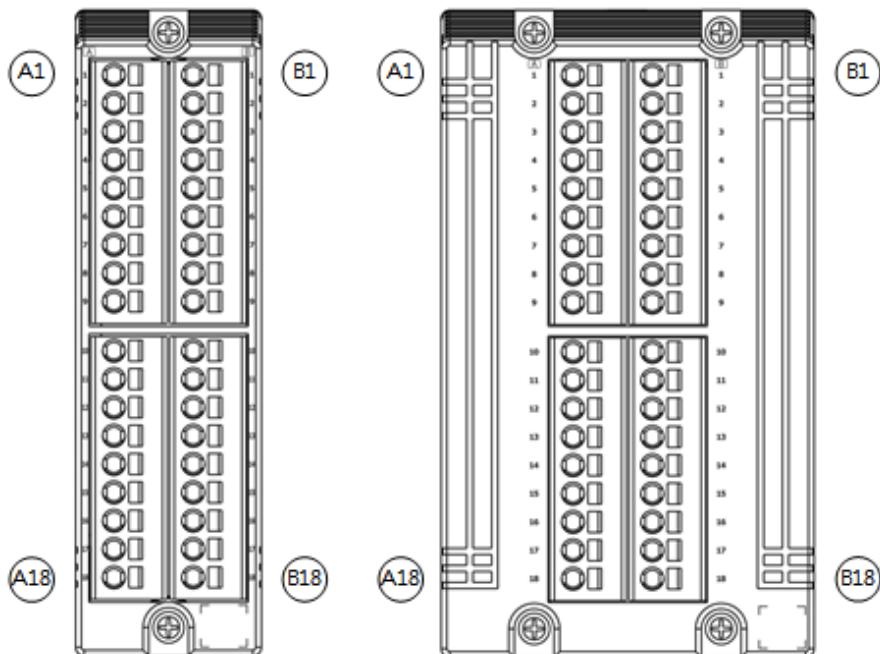
5.4.1.1 Overview

RDB-S01 is a terminal board for single non-isolated analog current/voltage module and **RDB-D01** is a terminal board for duplex non-isolated analog current/voltage module. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S01 or RDB-D01 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.4.1.2 Specification

| Analog Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S01 | RDB-D01 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 16 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.4.1.3 Pin assignment



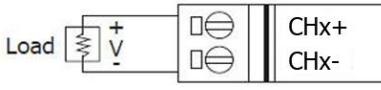
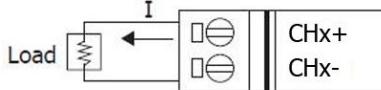
R-9028V2

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| CH0+ | CH1+ | CH2+ | CH3+ | CH4+ | CH5+ | CH6+ | CH7+ | CH8+ | CH9+ | CH10+ | CH11+ | CH12+ | CH13+ | CH14+ | CH15+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| CH0- | CH1- | CH2- | CH3- | CH4- | CH5- | CH6- | CH7- | CH8- | CH9- | CH10- | CH11- | CH12- | CH13- | CH14- | CH15- | N/A | N/A |

R-9026C2H

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| AI0- | AI1- | AI2- | AI3- | AI4- | AI5- | AI6- | AI7- | AO0+ | AO1+ | AO2+ | AO3+ | AO4+ | AO5+ | AO6+ | AO7+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| AI0+ | AI1+ | AI2+ | AI3+ | AI4+ | AI5+ | AI6+ | AI7+ | AO0- | AO1- | AO2- | AO3- | AO4- | AO5- | AO6- | AO7- | N/A | N/A |

5.4.1.4 Wiring

| Output Type | Analog Output |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Voltage Output |  |
| Current Output (HART) |  |

5.4.2 RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 (Analog Output)



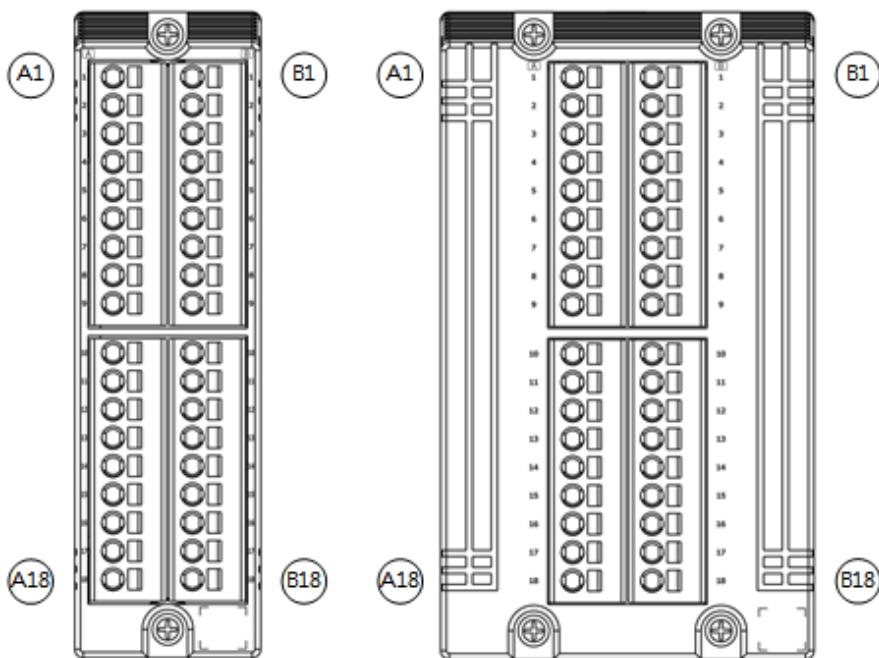
5.4.2.1 Overview

[RDB-S09](#) is a terminal board for single isolated analog current/voltage or pulse module and [RDB-D09](#) is a terminal board for duplex isolated analog current/voltage or pulse module. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S09 or RDB-D09 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.4.2.2 Specification

| Analog Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S09 | RDB-D09 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 16 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.4.2.3 Pin assignment



R-9028V1

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| N/A | CH0+ | N/A | CH1+ | N/A | CH2+ | N/A | CH3+ | N/A | CH4+ | N/A | CH5+ | N/A | CH6+ | N/A | CH7+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| N/A | CH0- | N/A | CH1- | N/A | CH2- | N/A | CH3- | N/A | CH4- | N/A | CH5- | N/A | CH6- | N/A | CH7- | N/A | N/A |

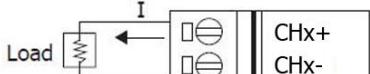
R-9028CH

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| N/A | CH0+ | N/A | CH1+ | N/A | CH2+ | N/A | CH3+ | N/A | CH4+ | N/A | CH5+ | N/A | CH6+ | N/A | CH7+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| N/A | CH0- | N/A | CH1- | N/A | CH2- | N/A | CH3- | N/A | CH4- | N/A | CH5- | N/A | CH6- | N/A | CH7- | N/A | N/A |

R-9026C1H

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| LPI0 | AI0+ | LPI1 | AI1+ | LPI2 | AI2+ | LPI3 | AI3+ | LPO0 | AO0+ | LPO1 | AO1+ | LPO2 | AO2+ | LPO3 | AO3+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| N/A | AI0- | N/A | AI1- | N/A | AI2- | N/A | AI3- | N/A | AO0- | N/A | AO1- | N/A | AO2- | N/A | AO3- | N/A | N/A |

5.4.2.4 Wiring

| Output Type | Analog Output |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Voltage Output |  |
| Current Output (HART) |  |

5.5 Thermocouple

5.5.1 RDB-S02 / RDB-D02



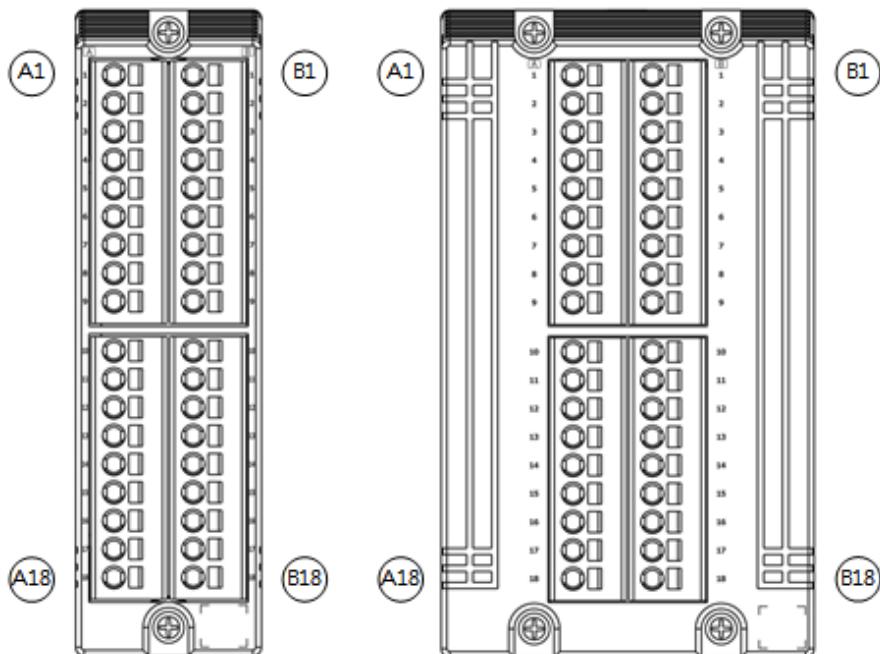
5.5.1.1 Overview

[RDB-S02](#) is a terminal board for single thermocouple input module and [RDB-D09](#) is a terminal board for duplex thermocouple input module. The CJC is built in and provides the accurate temperature measurement. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S02 or RDB-D02 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.5.1.2 Specification

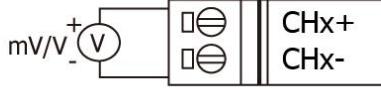
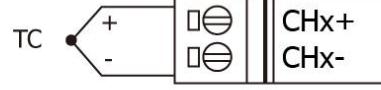
| Analog Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S02 | RDB-D02 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 16 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.5.1.3 Pin assignment



| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| CH0+ | CH1+ | CH2+ | CH3+ | CH4+ | CH5+ | CH6+ | CH7+ | CH8+ | CH9+ | CH10+ | CH11+ | CH12+ | CH13+ | CH14+ | CH15+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| CH0- | CH1- | CH2- | CH3- | CH4- | CH5- | CH6- | CH7- | CH8- | CH9- | CH10- | CH11- | CH12- | CH13- | CH14- | CH15- | N/A | N/A |

5.5.1.4 Wiring

| Input Type | Thermocouple Input |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Voltage Input | mV/V  |
| TC Input | TC  |

5.6 RTD

5.6.1 RDB-S03 / RDB-D03



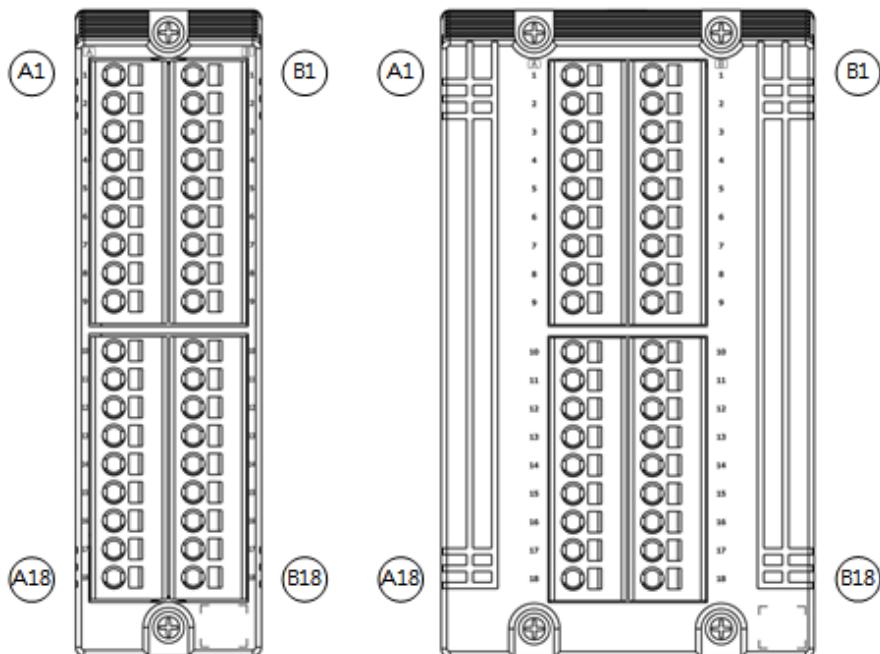
5.6.1.1 Overview

[RDB-S03](#) is a terminal board for single RTD input module and [RDB-D03](#) is a terminal board for duplex RTD input module. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S03 or RDB-D03 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.6.1.2 Specification

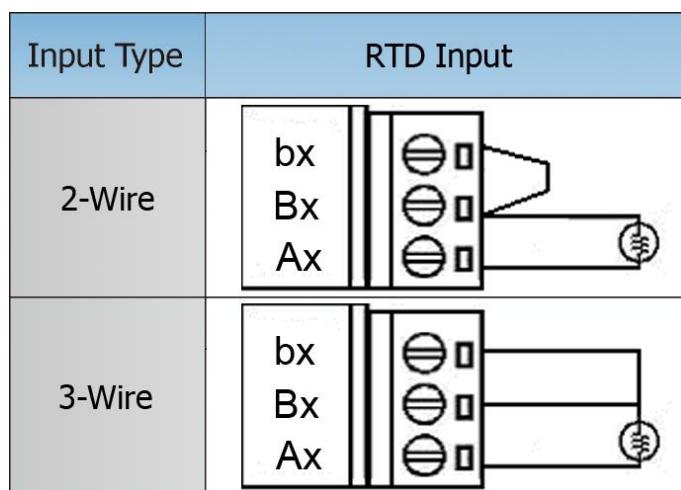
| RTD Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S03 | RDB-D03 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 12 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.6.1.3 Pin assignment



| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
| A0 | B0 | A1 | A2 | B2 | A3 | A4 | B4 | A5 | A6 | B6 | A7 | A8 | B8 | A9 | A10 | B10 | A11 |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| b0 | b1 | b1 | b2 | b3 | b3 | b4 | b5 | b5 | b6 | b7 | b7 | b8 | b8 | b9 | b9 | b10 | b11 |

5.6.1.4 Wiring



5.7 Pulse Input

5.7.1 RDB-S09 / RDB-D09 (Pulse Input)



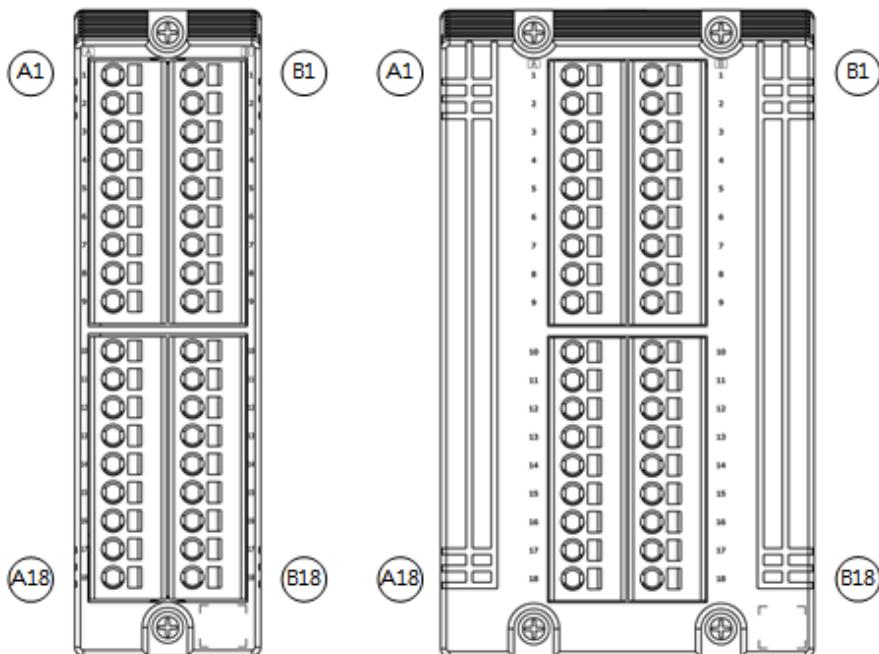
5.7.1.1 Overview

RDB-S09 is a terminal board for single isolated analog current/voltage or pulse module and **RDB-D09** is a terminal board for duplex isolated analog current/voltage or pulse module. They support spring clamp terminal wiring, which can effectively simplify the wiring process and shorten the system installation time. Disconnection detection function to ensure that the alarm will be triggered in time when RDB-S09 or RDB-D09 disconnect from the I/O module and further improve the safety and stability of wiring signals to reduce the risk of system failure. These features are especially important for industrial environments that require high reliability and stability.

5.7.1.2 Specification

| Pulse Input | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Model | RDB-S09 | RDB-D09 |
| Mode | Single | Duplex |
| Channel | 8 | |
| General | | |
| Dimension (W x L x H) | 32 x 115 x 60 mm | 65 x 115 x 60 mm |
| Operating temperature | -25 ~ 70°C | |
| Humidity | 5 ~ 95 % RH, Non-condensing | |

5.7.1.3 Pin assignment



| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | A10 | A11 | A12 | A13 | A14 | A15 | A16 | A17 | A18 |
|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| LP0 | CH0+ | LP1 | CH1+ | LP2 | CH2+ | LP3 | CH3+ | LP4 | CH4+ | LP5 | CH5+ | LP6 | CH6+ | LP7 | CH7+ | N/A | N/A |
| B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 | B10 | B11 | B12 | B13 | B14 | B15 | B16 | B17 | B18 |
| N/A | CH0- | N/A | CH1- | N/A | CH2- | N/A | CH3- | N/A | CH4- | N/A | CH5- | N/A | CH6- | N/A | CH7- | N/A | N/A |

5.7.1.4 Wiring

| Input Type | Pulse Input | Appropriate Impedance | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------|------|-------|
| | | None | 200Ω | 500Ω | 1000Ω |
| Source NPN & Switch | | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |
| Sink 24V | | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |
| Sink Switch | | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Sink 2-wire transmitter | | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Sink 3-wire transmitter | | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |

Section 6 Trouble Shooting

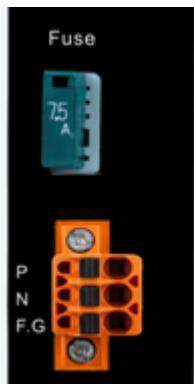
6.1 RPM-D24

6.1.1 RUN LED is OFF



Please follow the below steps to solve the problem.

[1] Check the power connector and fuse of RPM-D24.



[2] If the step [1] is OK, check the voltage ($24V_{DC} \pm 10\%$) of the external power supply.

[3] If the step [2] is OK, re-insert RPM-D24.

[4] If the step [3] is NG, replace with the new RPM-D24.

[5] If the step [4] is still NG, please contact the vendor for technical support.

[Note]

[1] The below figure means that the fuse is broken of RPM-D24.



6.2 RCM-MTCP

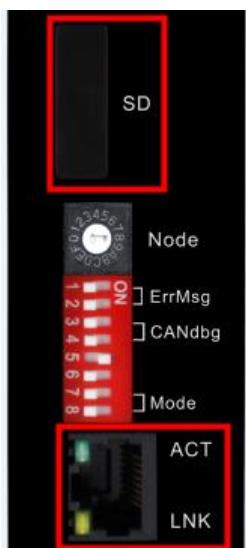
6.2.1 ALM LED is ON



If the ALM led is ON, it means that the [light fault](#) happened in RCM-MTCP. Refer to the section 6.4 to get the light fault code of RCM-MTCP and follow the below steps to solve the problem.

[1] Check the Ethernet cable connection between RCM-MTCP and controller.

[2] If the step [1] is OK, check the SD card plugged in RCM-MTCP.



[3] If the step [2] is OK, re-insert RCM-MTCP.

[4] If the step [3] is NG, replace with the new RCM-MTCP.

[5] If the step [4] is still NG, contact the vendor for technical support.

6.2.2 **ERR** LED is ON



If the ERR led is ON, it means that the **heavy fault** happened in RCM-MTCP. Refer to the section 6.4 to get the heavy fault code of RCM-MTCP and follow the below steps to solve the problem.

- [1] Re-insert RCM-MTCP.
- [2] If the step [1] is NG, replace with the new RCM-MTCP.
- [3] If the step [2] is still NG, contact the vendor for technical support.

6.3 I/O module

When the I/O module boots up, the 32 LEDs and 5 state LEDs will turn on and turn off once. Then the PWR LED will keep on.



6.3.1 The LED fault indication of Operation mode

When the I/O module runs in the operation mode, if the ERR led flashes or on, it means that the light fault or heavy fault happened.

- [1] If the **ERR led flashes**, it means that the **light fault** happened in the I/O module. Refer to the section 6.4 to get the light fault code of I/O module.
- [2] If the **ERR led is on**, it means that the **heavy fault** happened in the I/O module. Refer to the section 6.4 to get the heavy fault code of I/O module.
- [3] Follow the below steps to solve the problem.
 - <1> Re-insert the I/O module.
 - <2> If the step [1] is NG, replace with the new I/O module.
 - <3> If the step [2] is still NG, contact the vendor for technical support.

When the light fault or heavy fault happened in the I/O module, the below table is the detailed fault description by using the 32 LEDs.

Table 6.3.1

| | LED0~LED7 | LED8~LED15 | LED16~LED23 | LED24~LED31 |
|-----------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| R-9017C2H | High/Low Alarm (CH0~7) | High/Low Alarm (CH8~15) | Channel Break (CH0~7) ADC Break (2CH/LED): (LED-16*2, LED-16*2+1) | Channel Break (CH8~15) |
| R-9017C1H | High/Low Alarm (CH0~7) | | Channel Break (CH0~7) ADC Break (CH0~7) Field Power Break (CH0~7) | |
| R-9028CH | High/Low Alarm (CH0~7) | | Channel Break (CH0~7) ADC Break (CH0~7) DAC Break (CH0~7) AO Readback Fail (CH0~7) Field Power Break (CH0~7) | |
| R-9028V1 | High/Low Alarm (CH0~7) | | Channel Break (CH0~7) ADC Break (CH0~7) Field Power Break (CH0~7) | DAC Break (CH0~7) AO Readback Fail (CH0~7) |
| R-9019 | High/Low Alarm (CH0~7) | High/Low Alarm (CH8~15) | Channel Break (CH0~7) | Channel Break (CH8~15) |
| R-9015 | High/Low Alarm (CH0~7) | High/Low Alarm (CH8~15) | Channel Break (CH0~7) | Channel Break (CH8~15) |
| R-9084 | | | Field Power Break (CH0~7) | |

[Example 1]

The below figure happened in R-9028CH and it means that the **light fault** happened in the channel-3.
(The fault description of the LED 19 refers to the Table 6.3.1)

(The I/O module in the **operation mode**)

6.3.2 The LED fault indication of Reboot mode

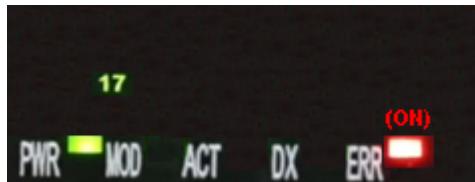
If all the 32 LEDs and 5 state LEDs turn ON every 6 seconds period, it means that the I/O module keeps rebooting. In the condition, the ERR led will ON for 3 seconds to indicate the first fault state and then the ERR led will flash for 3 seconds to indicate the second fault state by using the 32 LEDs. If the corresponding led is on of the 32 LEDs, it means that the corresponding fault happened.

[1] The below table is the LED fault indication for **the first fault** state.

| LED 00~07 | Plug | Slot | EEPROM | CAN1_5V | CAN2_5V | CPU_3.3V | 24VA | 24VB |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| LED 08~15 | Field Power 0 | Field Power 1 | Field Power 2 | Field Power 3 | Field Power 4 | Field Power 5 | Field Power 6 | Field Power 7 |
| LED 16~23 | ADC0 CPLD0 | ADC1 CPLD1 | ADC2 | ADC3 | ADC4 | ADC5 | ADC6 | ADC7 |
| LED 24~31 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |
| | (ON) PWR LED | (OFF) MOD LED | | (OFF) ACT LED | | (OFF) DX LED | | (ON) ERR LED |

[Example]

The below figure means that the **ADC or CPLD** chip failed in the **channel-1** of the I/O module.

(The I/O module in the **reboot mode**)

[2] The below table is the LED fault indication for **the second fault** state.

| LED 00~07 | DAC0 | DAC1 | DAC2 | DAC3 | DAC4 | DAC5 | DAC6 | DAC7 |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------------|
| LED 08~15 | DAC8 | DAC9 | DAC10 | DAC11 | DAC12 | DAC13 | DAC14 | DAC15 |
| LED 16~23 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |
| LED 24~31 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |
| | (ON) PWR LED | (OFF) MOD LED | | (OFF) ACT LED | | (OFF) DX LED | | (Flash) ERR |

[Example]

The below figure means that the **DAC** chip failed in the **channel-4** of the I/O module.

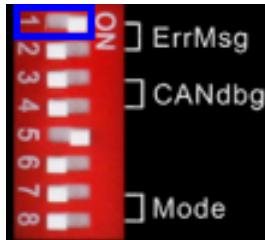


(The I/O module in the reboot mode)

6.4 The Seven-Segment Analysis

When the pin1 of the dip switch in RCM-MTCP module is ON (right side), the 7-segment LED of RCM-MTCP will display the below information in turns.

- [1] The firmware version of RCM-MTCP.
- [2] The light fault and heavy fault state of RCM-MTCP. If no fault in RCM-MTCP, it will pass the fault code.
- [3] The light fault and heavy fault state of all I/O modules from slot-0 to slot-7. If no fault in the slot I/O module, it will pass the fault code.



[Example 1 : The firmware version of RCM-MTCP]

- [1] The below figure displays the firmware version (v1.00) of RCM-MTCP.



[Example 2 : The light fault (0x00010000) happened in I/O module]

- [1] The below figure displays the error happened in the **slot-1 (S1)** I/O module.



| | | |
|-----------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I/O Module ERR LED | ON | Heavy fault (Example: Hard damage) |
| | Blink | Light fault (1 flash every 500ms) (Software setting error or disconnection) |
| | OFF | Normal system |

- [2] The below figure displays the error is light fault and the error code (4 bytes) is 0x00010000. It means that B3(byte3)=0x01 and the “24V_A or 24V_B failed“ of the I/O module error happened. (Refer to section 6.4.1)



[Example 3 : The light fault (0x00000001) happened in I/O module]

[1] The below figure displays the error happened in the slot-5 (S5) I/O module.



[2] The below figure displays the error is light fault and the error code (4 bytes) is 0x00000001. It means that B1(byte1)=0x01 and the “Terminal board disconnection“ of the I/O module error happened. (Section 6.4.1)



6.4.1 The Light Fault Table of I/O module

| B4 Fault Description | Fault code | B3 Fault Description | Fault code |
|------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|
| LED access failed | 0x01 (b0) | 24V _A or 24V _B failed | 0x01 (b0) |
| Low / Low-Low Alarm | 0x02 (b1) | Reserved | 0x02 (b1) |
| High / High-High Alarm | 0x04 (b2) | CAN1 5V failed | 0x04 (b2) |
| CH disconnection | 0x08 (b3) | CAN2 5V failed | 0x08 (b3) |
| CH feedback failed | 0x10 (b4) | CPU 3.3V failed | 0x10 (b4) |
| DAC or ADC chip failed | 0x20 (b5) | field power failed of UP board | 0x20 (b5) |
| Reserved | 0x40 (b6) | field power failed of DW board | 0x40 (b6) |
| Reserved | 0x80 (b7) | ADC chip in AO failed | 0x80 (b7) |
| B2 Fault Description | Fault code | B1 Fault Description | Fault code |
| Reserved | 0x01 (b0) | Terminal board disconnection | 0x01 (b0) |
| Reserved | 0x02 (b1) | CJC in TC terminal board failed | 0x02 (b1) |
| Reserved | 0x04 (b2) | CH disconnection + SWAP | 0x04 (b2) |
| Reserved | 0x08 (b3) | Reserved | 0x08 (b3) |
| Reserved | 0x10 (b4) | Light fault go to STOP mode | 0x10 (b4) |
| Reserved | 0x20 (b5) | Reserved | 0x20 (b5) |
| Reserved | 0x40 (b6) | Reserved | 0x40 (b6) |
| Reserved | 0x80 (b7) | Reserved | 0x80 (b7) |

6.4.2 The Heavy Fault Table of I/O module

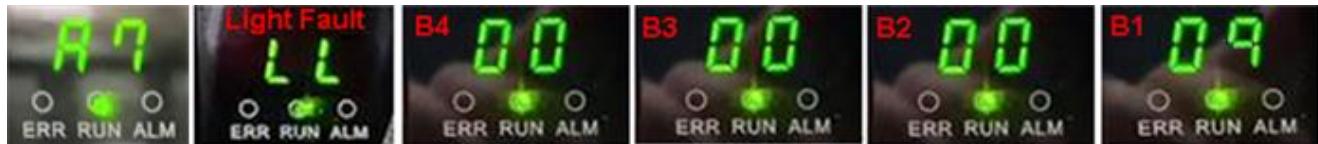
Any fault code of the heavy fault in the I/O module means the hardware error happened.

6.4.3 The Light Fault Table of RCM-MTCP

| Fault Description | Fault code |
|----------------------|------------|
| Micro-SD failed | b0~b3 |
| RTC failed | b4 |
| Ethernet Link failed | b12 |
| Reserved | other bits |

[Example 1 : The Micro-SD failed in RCM-MTCP]

[1] The below figure displays the light fault happened in RCM-MTCP and the error code (4 bytes) is 0x00000009. It means that B1(byte1)=0x09 (bit0 and bit3 = 1) and the “Micro-SD failed“ happened. (Refer to section 6.4.3)



6.4.4 The Heavy Fault Table of RCM-MTCP

| Fault Description | Fault code |
|-------------------|------------|
| CAN HW failed | b4 |
| CPU HW failed | b5 |
| Plug failed | b12 |
| Memory failed | b20 |
| CAN Bus Off | b24 |
| Reserved | other bits |

6.5 The Micro-SD Data Analysis

The Micro-SD card in RCM-MTCP is used to record the operation status and fault information with timestamp of all modules and useful for the abnormal system fault analysis.



[Example 1 : The boot-up information of RIO-9830 system]

- [1] MCU A boot up. (FW: v01.00) => The firmware version of RCM-MTCP is v1.00.
 - [2] IOM[1] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x04) => The slot-0 I/O module is in the "Boot-up" mode.
 - [3] IOM[1] NMT state change. (0x04 -> 0x10) => The slot-0 I/O module is in the "Pre-OP" mode.
 - [4] IOM[1] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) => The firmware version of the slot-0 I/O module is v2.00.
 - [5] IOM[1] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) => The slot-0 I/O module is in the "OP" mode.
- => The NMT state table refers to the section 6.5.1.

| hh:mm:ss | ms | module | state | information |
|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17:14:41 | 772921 | [MCU] | (Bootup) | NODE[3] MCU_A boot up. (FW: v01.00) |
| 17:14:41 | 773410 | [MCU] | (State) | MCU state change. (MCU: 0x00 -> 0x20. AnoMCU: 0x00 -> 0x00) |
| 17:14:41 | 783397 | [MCU] | (State) | MCU state change. (MCU: 0x20 -> 0x20. AnoMCU: 0x00 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 783522 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[1] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x04) |
| 17:14:41 | 793501 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[2] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x04) |
| 17:14:41 | 803454 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[3] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x04) |
| 17:14:41 | 813429 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[4] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 823446 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[5] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 834443 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[6] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 844475 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[7] NMT state change. (0x01 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 864471 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[1] NMT state change. (0x04 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 874458 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[2] NMT state change. (0x04 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:41 | 884400 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[3] NMT state change. (0x04 -> 0x10) |
| 17:14:43 | 811254 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[1] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 811610 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[2] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 813815 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[3] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 814169 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[4] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 814528 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[5] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 815659 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[4] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |
| 17:14:43 | 818720 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[6] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 819087 | [IOM] | (Init) | IOM[7] Initialize OK. (FW: v02.00) |
| 17:14:43 | 825530 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[5] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |
| 17:14:43 | 835630 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[6] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |
| 17:14:43 | 845500 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[7] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |
| 17:14:43 | 865596 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[1] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |
| 17:14:43 | 875519 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[2] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |
| 17:14:43 | 885610 | [IOM] | (State) | IOM[3] NMT state change. (0x10 -> 0x20) |

[Example 2 : The light fault of I/O module]

The below information of Micro-SD means that the light fault of the slot-0 I/O module happened at 16:00:38 and the fault code is from 0x00000000 to 0x08000000. The light fault code 0x08000000 means that the “**CH disconnection**“ happened.

(0x08000000 : the bit3 of the B4 (byte 4) is 1 and refer to section 6.4.1.)

```
16:00:38 311755,[IOM],(State),IOM[0] light fault state change. (0x00000000 -> 0x08000000)
```

The below information of Micro-SD means that the light fault of the slot-0 I/O module is recovered at 16:03:30 and the fault code is from 0x08000000 to 0x00000000. It means that the “**CH disconnection**“ is recovered.

```
16:03:30 311755,[IOM],(State),IOM[0] light fault state change. (0x08000000 -> 0x00000000)
```

[Example 3 : The HW error of I/O module]

The below information of Micro-SD means that the HW error of the slot-2 I/O module (R-9028CH) happened at 19:14:06 and the fault code is from 0x00000000-00000000 to 0x00000000-009F0000. The HW error code 0x009F0000 means that the “**ADC Failed**“ happened in channel 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7.

(0x009F0000 : the bit0,1,2,3,4,7 of the B2 (byte 2) are all 1 and refer to section 6.5.2.)

```
19:14:06 201008,[IOM],(State),IOM[2] HW err state change. (0x00000000-00000000 -> 0x00000000-009F0000)
```

[Example 4 : The heavy fault of RCM-MTCP]

The below information of Micro-SD means that the heavy fault of RCM-MTCP happened at 17:04:27 and the fault code is from 0x00000000 to 0x00100000. The light fault code 0x00100000 means that the “**Memory failed**“ happened.

(0x00100000 : the bit20 is 1 and refer to section 6.4.4)

```
17:04:27 675723,[MCU],(State),MCU heavy fault state change. (0x00000000 -> 0x00100000)
```

[The detailed analysis of Micro-SD]

Please mail to ICP DAS service mail – service@icpdas.com with the Micro-SD file.

6.5.1 NMT state of modules

| NMT Code | NMT State | Note |
|----------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0x01 | No IOM | module not exist |
| 0x02 | Halt mode | Comm. fault between RCM-MTCP and I/O module (I/O channel input/output will keep) |
| 0x04 | Boot-up mode | module in the initial mode. |
| 0x10 | Pre-OP mode | module parameter configuration |
| 0x20 | OP mode | I/O module channel input/output |
| 0x40 | Stop mode | hardware fault in the module (I/O channel input/output will keep) |

6.5.2 The HW error Table of I/O modules

| B0 Fault Description | Fault code | B1 Fault Description | Fault code |
|----------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|
| Plug failed | 0x01 (b0) | Field Power 0 failed | 0x01 (b0) |
| Slot failed | 0x02 (b1) | Field Power 1 failed | 0x02 (b1) |
| EEPROM failed | 0x04 (b2) | Field Power 2 failed | 0x04 (b2) |
| CAN1_5V failed | 0x08 (b3) | Field Power 3 failed | 0x08 (b3) |
| CAN2_5V failed | 0x10 (b4) | Field Power 4 failed | 0x10 (b4) |
| CPU_3.3V failed | 0x20 (b5) | Field Power 5 failed | 0x20 (b5) |
| Reserved | 0x40 (b6) | Field Power 6 failed | 0x40 (b6) |
| Reserved | 0x80 (b7) | Field Power 7 failed | 0x80 (b7) |
| B2 Fault Description | Fault code | B3 Fault Description | Fault code |
| ADC0 / CPLD 0 failed | 0x01 (b0) | Reserved | 0x01 (b0) |
| ADC1 / CPLD 1 failed | 0x02 (b1) | Reserved | 0x02 (b1) |
| ADC2 failed | 0x04 (b2) | Reserved | 0x04 (b2) |
| ADC3 failed | 0x08 (b3) | Reserved | 0x08 (b3) |
| ADC4 failed | 0x10 (b4) | Reserved | 0x10 (b4) |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| ADC5 failed | | 0x20 (b5) | Reserved | | 0x20 (b5) |
| ADC6 failed | | 0x40 (b6) | Reserved | | 0x40 (b6) |
| ADC7 failed | | 0x80 (b7) | Reserved | | 0x80 (b7) |
| B4 Fault Description | | Fault code | B5 Fault Description | | Fault code |
| DI/DO (Feedback) | AO (DAC) | X | DI/DO (Feedback) | AO (DAC) | X |
| CH0 failed | DAC0 failed | 0x01 (b0) | CH8 failed | DAC8 failed | 0x01 (b0) |
| CH1 failed | DAC1 failed | 0x02 (b1) | CH9 failed | DAC9 failed | 0x02 (b1) |
| CH2 failed | DAC2 failed | 0x04 (b2) | CH10 failed | DAC10 failed | 0x04 (b2) |
| CH3 failed | DAC3 failed | 0x08 (b3) | CH11 failed | DAC11 failed | 0x08 (b3) |
| CH4 failed | DAC4 failed | 0x10 (b4) | CH12 failed | DAC12 failed | 0x10 (b4) |
| CH5 failed | DAC5 failed | 0x20 (b5) | CH13 failed | DAC13 failed | 0x20 (b5) |
| CH6 failed | DAC6 failed | 0x40 (b6) | CH14 failed | DAC14 failed | 0x40 (b6) |
| CH7 failed | DAC7 failed | 0x80 (b7) | CH15 failed | DAC15 failed | 0x80 (b7) |
| B6 Fault Description | | | Fault code | B7 Fault Description | Fault code |
| DI/DO (Feedback) | AO (Feedback) | PI | X | DI/DO (Feedback) | X |
| CH16 failed | CH0 failed | Reserved | 0x01 (b0) | CH24 failed | 0x01 (b0) |
| CH17 failed | CH1 failed | CH0, 1 Resistor | 0x02 (b1) | CH25 failed | 0x02 (b1) |
| CH18 failed | CH2 failed | CH2, 3 Resistor | 0x04 (b2) | CH26 failed | 0x04 (b2) |
| CH19 failed | CH3 failed | CH4, 5 Resistor | 0x08 (b3) | CH27 failed | 0x08 (b3) |
| CH20 failed | CH4 failed | CH6, 7 Resistor | 0x10 (b4) | CH28 failed | 0x10 (b4) |
| CH21 failed | CH5 failed | Reserved | 0x20 (b5) | CH29 failed | 0x20 (b5) |
| CH22 failed | CH6 failed | Reserved | 0x40 (b6) | CH30 failed | 0x40 (b6) |
| CH23 failed | CH7 failed | Reserved | 0x80 (b7) | CH31 failed | 0x80 (b7) |